

CASE No.

414

NORTHERN DISTRICT

---

GARDEN OF SAN CAYETANO GRANT

CLEMENT PANAUD et al.

CLAIMANT

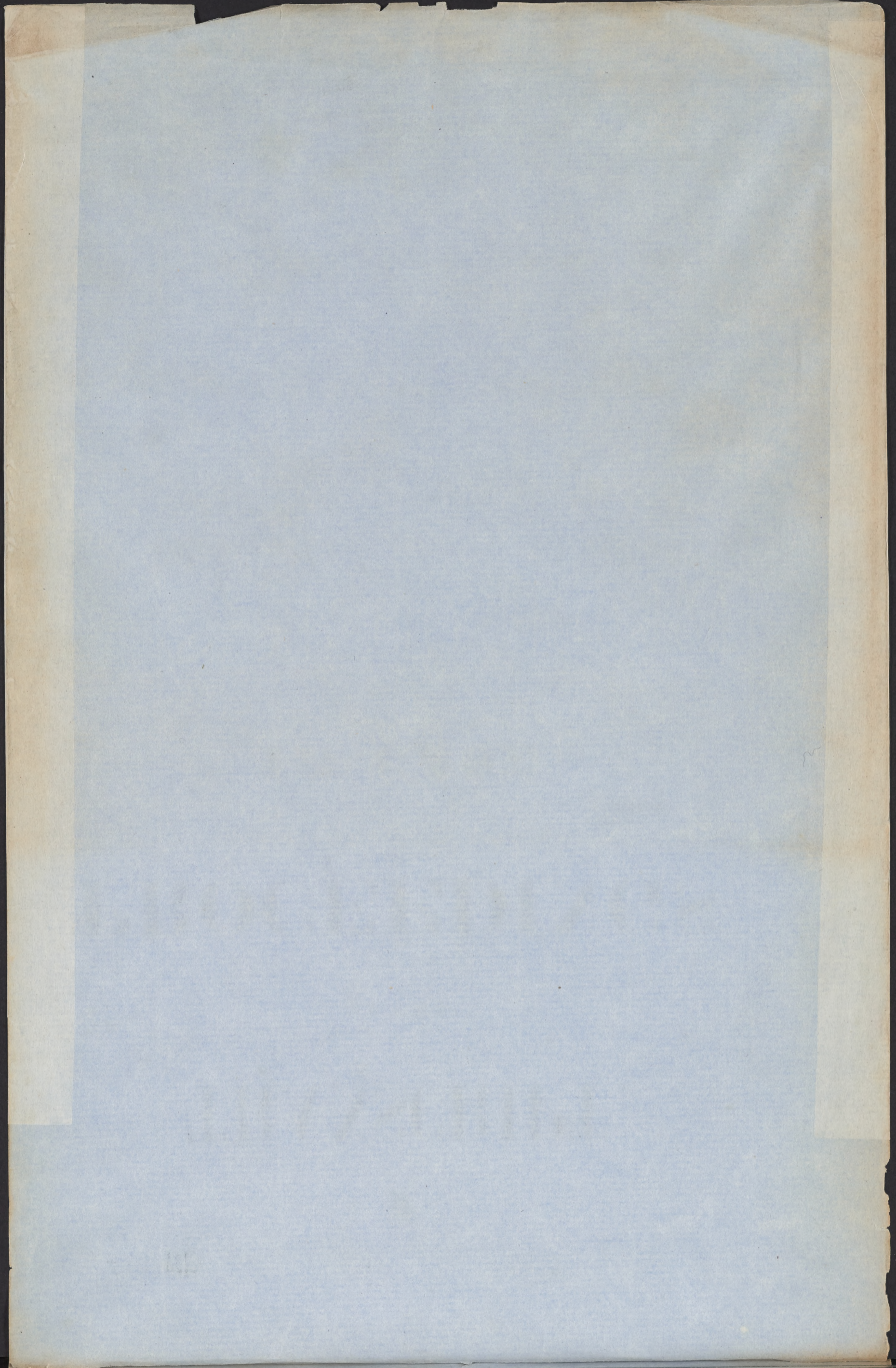
LAND CASE 414 ND

116 pgs.

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TRANSCRIPT  
OF THE  
PROCEEDINGS

IN CASE

NO. 757.

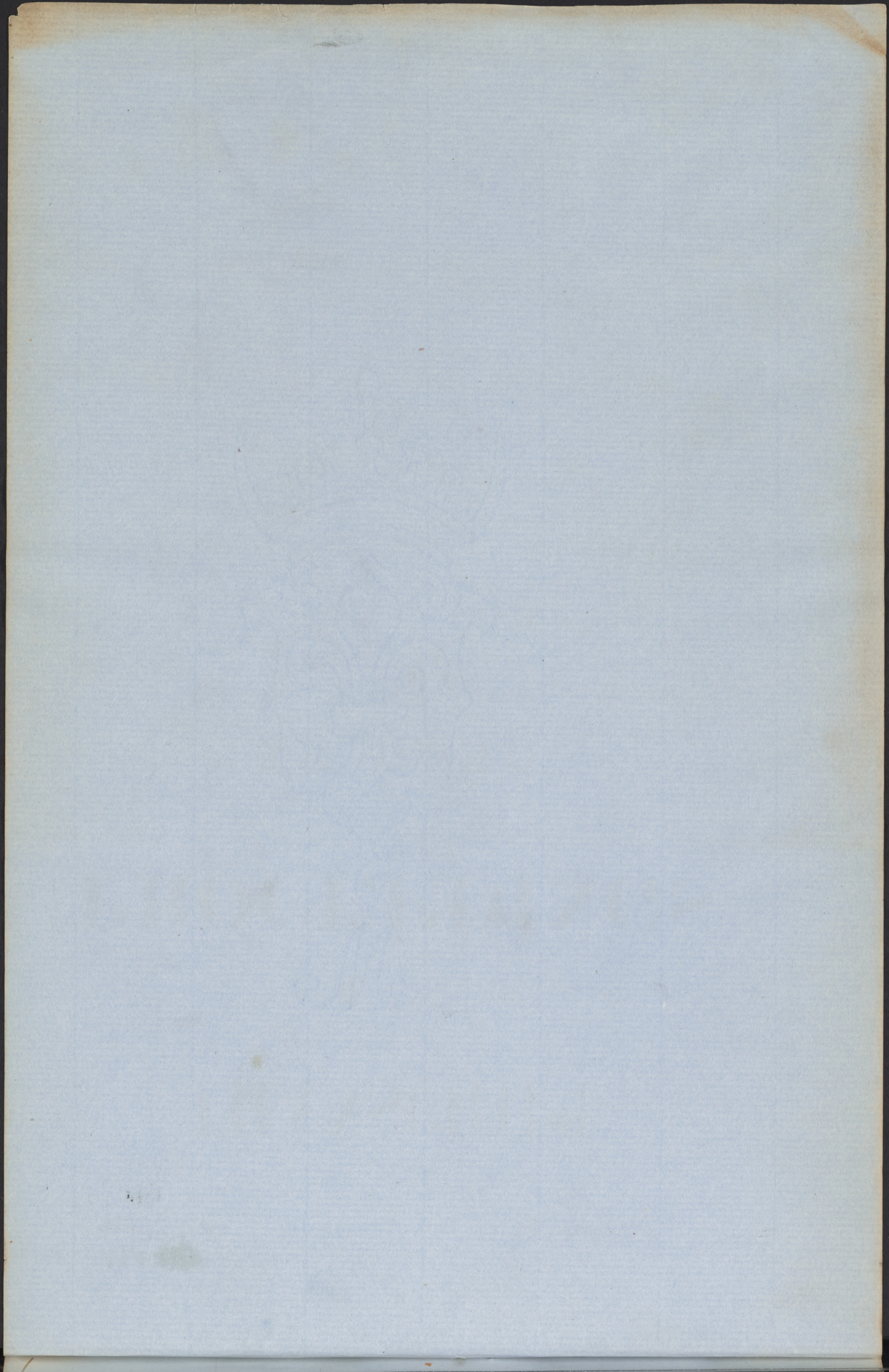
*Clement Panand, et, al.* CLAIMANT &

VS.

THE UNITED STATES, DEFENDANT,

FOR THE PLACE NAMED

*Garden of San Cayetano.*



Office of the Board of Commissioners  
to ascertain and settle the private land claims  
in the State of California.

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Be it remembered, that on this second day  
of March Anno Domini, One thousand Eight hun-  
dred and fifty three, before the Commissioners to ascer-  
tain and settle the private land claims in the  
State of California, sitting as a Board in the City of  
San Francisco, in the State aforesaid, in the United  
States of America, the following proceedings were had  
to wit:

The Petition of Clement Panard  
et al; for the place named "Garden of San Cayetano"  
was presented, and ordered to be filed and docketed  
with No. 751, and is as follows, to wit;

(Vide page 5 of this Transcript.)

Upon which Petition the following subse-  
quent proceedings were had in their chronological  
order to wit:

San Francisco January 9<sup>th</sup> 1855.  
Case no. 751, Clement Panard et al; for the "Garden  
of San Cayetano," was ordered to be placed at the  
foot of the 4<sup>th</sup> class cases on the trial docket.

San Francisco January 23<sup>rd</sup> 1855.  
Case no. 751 was submitted under the Rule of  
March 21<sup>st</sup> 1854.

San Francisco, February 6<sup>th</sup> 1855.  
In the same case Commissioner Alphens Felch  
delivered the opinion of the Board rejecting the  
claim.

(Vide page 41 of this Transcript.)

San Francisco March 6' 1855.  
 In the same case the W. S. Law Agent filed the  
 following Deposition, to wit;  
 (See page 11 of this Transcript.)

In the same case the Counsel for the claimant filed  
 the following Affidavit and motion, to wit,  
 (See page 9 of this Transcript)  
 motion submitted.

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San Francisco March 27' 1855.  
 In the same case the Counsel for the claimant filed  
 the following Affidavit and Motion, to wit;  
 (See page 7 of this Transcript)  
 which motion was taken under advisement.

San Francisco April 3' 1855  
 In the same case Commissioner Alpheus Felch  
 delivered the decision of the Board upon the  
 motion heretofore filed, to wit on the 27' March  
 last, granting the same,  
 Whereupon it was, Ordered  
 That this Case be restored to the trial docket and  
 placed at the foot thereof.

San Francisco May 8' 1855.  
 Case no. 751 was submitted on briefs and taken  
 under advisement.

San Francisco May 10' 1855.  
 In the same case the depositions of Juan B. Alvarado  
 and Antonio Maria Pico, witnesses in behalf of the  
 claimants, taken before Commissioner R. Aug.  
 Thompson, the last with documents marked "Exhib-  
 its nos. 1 & 2 & 3 R. T." annexed thereto were filed;  
 (See pages 15 & 18 of this Transcript.)



In the same case the Counsel for the Claimants filed  
the following Stipulation, & Amended Petition, to wit,  
(See page 11413 of this Transcript)

~~~~~

San Francisco December 18' 1855.

In the same case Commissioner Alphens Felch delivered  
the Opinion of the Board rejecting the claim;

(See page 43 of this Transcript)

and the following order was made, to wit,

(See page 42 of this Transcript.)

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To the Honorable Commissioners to settle Private Land Claims in California

Petition.

The Petition of Clement Perard and Auguste Perard respectfully shows that in the month of August 1845 the President of California by virtue of the authority in him vested

granted to Don Juan

Bautista Alvarado the tract of land called the Garden San Cayetano in the present county of Santa Clara

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being also with the usual by testimony various other more or less as is more particularly ascertained in the title, the map, and the act of possession to be filed and presented herewith

(additional

time to prepare translations of which the Petitioners humbly pray may be granted them)

That

the Petitioners derive their title by deed of purchase from the said Grantee Don Juan Bautista Alvarado

That he and they have

been ever since the date of said Grant and still are in the occupation and possession of said granted land

That they have no

conflicting claim to the same

That they

only for confirmation of their title upon the original papers herewith to be submitted in proof upon the minutes and records in the office of the Surveyor General and upon such other and further proofs as they may be advised are necessary

When writing may

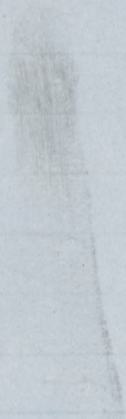
the commissioners to enquire to them the title to the tract of land aforesaid

By their Attorney

Hugh H. Holladay

Filed in Office March 2nd 1853 Geo. Fisher Secy  
Recorded in Vol 2 of Petitions on Pgs 48 & 49. Geo. Fisher Secy

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Board of Commissioners of the City

Affidavit  
&  
Motion

Board of Commissioners of Settling  
private Land Claims in California

County of San Francisco  
Claim No 751.

Clement Parand & Andreas Pico  
for the Garden San Cayetano

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S. W. Holladay being duly sworn doth de-  
pose and say that he is the Attorney  
for the Claimants herein, and that as  
such he filed their claim to the premises  
in the Petition referred to and that no  
other person had any charge of said  
cause.

That by reason of deponents having  
but three claims before the Board he  
was seldom in attendance upon its  
Sittings, and was therefore not familiar  
with its rules.

That at the time this cause  
was called and regarded as submitted  
under the rule on its second call,  
deponent was not aware of the existence  
of such Rule but believed he was at  
liberty to move his cause for hearing  
any time unless upon a motion of the  
Law Agent.

Deponent says the Claimant  
Clement Parand is the one with whom  
deponent has conferred who is a  
Hocuchman, speaking very little English  
and deponent has found it difficult  
to communicate intelligibly with him.

That before the subscription of this

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case deponent made an appointment  
with said Parand the Claimant for  
taking testimony which had been in time  
for the hearing of this cause, but depo-  
nent was disappointed in this, by reason  
as he has since learned of the said  
Parand having misunderstood depo-  
nent's language.

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Deponent has examined  
claimant's title papers in this case, and  
believes claimants have valid, legal and  
equitable title to the land petitioned for  
by them, and that if the cause be rein-  
stated on the Calendar, the claimants  
will be able to establish their title to the  
same.

S. W. Holladay

Sworn and subscribed

this 27th of March 1855 before me,

R. A. Thompson

Com<sup>r</sup>

On the foregoing affidavit the undersigned  
Atty for the Claimants in Cause No 751  
moves this Hon. Board to place the same  
cause again on the Calendar, & to allow  
the claimants to introduce further proof.  
March 27, 1855

S. W. Holladay

Atty for Claimants

Filed in Office March 27, 1855

Geo. Fisher

Secy

9 Affidavit & Board of Land Commissioners  
Motion to State of California  
reinstatement County of San Francisco.

S. W. Holladay being duly sworn doth depose and say that he is the attorney in the cases in this Honorable Court numbered on the Docket No 751, 752, & 753 for the claimants therein, that as such Attorney he filed the petitions in said causes and has introduced some testimony in each of them.

That the said three causes are the only ones in this court wherein deponent is the attorney, whereby he is not familiar with the rules governing proceedings before this Board. And this Depoent has learned that under the rule of this Board, on the second call of Case No 751 it was regarded as submitted, and that it has been rejected. Depoent was under the belief that he was at liberty at any time to introduce his proof, and move his said cause for hearing, and only at the pleasure of the claimants or their Counsel unless upon notice of the Law Agent.

Depoent further says, that his clients the claimants in said causes are Germans with scarcely any knowledge of the English language whereby Depoent as Counsel has found it difficult to communicate intelligibly with them. That they reside not in this County but in the Counties

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(as he believes) of Blameda & Contra Costa.

That he has, as he supposed made several appointments for them to bring in their witnesses and papers which as they since inform deponent they have misunderstood - Deponent further says that he has devoted a great deal of labor to the preparation of said causes and the examination of the titles therein and believes they have ample proof of title and possession in each of said causes, to entitle them to a confirmation therein.

Wherefore deponent prays this Hon. Court to reinstate said causes upon the Calendar with permission to Claimants to introduce their proof of title &c.

Deponent makes this affidavit himself because he is better informed on the subject than the said claimants and also because said claimants are now absent from the County & their personal attendance cannot be had here in time for them to make the necessary affidavit & further deponent says not. S. W. Holladay.

Sworn & subscribed before me this 8th day of March 1855.

R. Aug. Thompson Com<sup>r</sup>  
Upon the foregoing affidavit the undersigned Atty for the Claim<sup>ts</sup> in the above entitled cause No 751. Moves this Hon Court to order the said cause reinstated on the Calendar, with leave for Claim<sup>t</sup> to introduce their proof of title & possession.

S. W. Holladay - Atty for Claimants.  
Filed in Office March 8, 1855 - Geo. Fisher Secy



No 751.

Stipulation

Claim of Clemente Parand and  
Andreas Pico for  
Garden San Cayetano.

It is hereby stipulated that the amended  
Petition herein may be filed as of the  
date of the original petition in the  
case.

May 9, 1855.

S. W. Holladay  
Atty for Petitioner  
Louis Blanding  
Spo. Law Agent.

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Filed in Office May 10, 1855  
Geo Fisher Secy

No 751

Stipulation

Clemente Parand et al  
Claimants for San Cayetano.

It is stipulated that the land claimed  
in this case lies north of parallel  
370 of North latitude.

S. W. Holladay  
Attorney for Claimant.

McKune Law Agent

Filed in Office March 6, 1855  
Geo Fisher Secy

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Amended To the Honorable Commissioners to settle  
Petition private Land Claims in California.

The amended petition of  
Clement Parand and Andrias Pico respect  
fully shows that on the 25th of May 1846  
Pío Pico Governor of California by virtue of  
the authority in him vested, granted to Don  
Andreas Pico and Don Juan B. Alvarado  
the tract of Land called the "Garden San  
Cayetano", in the present County of Monterey  
being a lot of Land one thousand varas  
by two hundred varas, a little more or  
less, as is more particularly described  
in the title the map and act of Popepin  
filed herein.

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That the petitioners Clemente  
Parand derived his title to the one  
undivided half of said Land by a  
deed of purchase from said Juan B.  
Alvarado, as derived to him from said  
Governor Pico by the grant aforesaid.

That the said grantees and  
these petitioners ever since the date of  
said grant, have been and now are in  
the Popepin and occupation of said  
granted Land.

That they know of no conflicting  
claim to the same. That they rely for  
confirmation of said title upon the origi-  
nal papers filed herein, and upon such  
other and further proofs as they may be  
advised are necessary.

Wherefore they pray the  
Commissioners to confirm to them the  
title to the tract of Land aforesaid.

S. W. Holladay, Attorney  
for Petitioners

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Filed in Office May 10, 1855  
Geo Fisher  
Sec'y

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AD

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Deposition United States of America }  
of State of California }  
A. M. Pico }

San Francisco May 10, 1855

On this day before Commissioner R. Aug  
Thompson, came Antonio Maria Pico,  
a Witness on behalf of the claimants,  
Clement Panaud et al in case No 751,  
who after being duly sworn deposed as  
follows, his evidence being interpreted  
by the interpreter of the Board

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U.S. Associate Law Agent present

Questions by Claimants Counsel.

1<sup>st</sup> Question. What is your name  
age, and place of residence?

Answer. My name is  
Antonio M. Pico, my residence San Jose  
and I am forty five years old.

2<sup>d</sup> Question. What office if  
any have you held in California, and  
where have you resided as such  
officer?

Answer. I have been Alcalde  
and Prefect in the District of San Jose.  
At the time of the signing of the docu-  
ment now shown to me and marked  
R. T. No 1, and made an Exhibit to  
this deposition I was Alcalde of San Jose  
and this document was made before  
me and signed as such Alcalde.

3<sup>d</sup> Question. Look at the  
document referred to in the answer  
just given and state if you recognize the

signatures as they appear on said document, and the hand writing of the body of said instrument?

Answer, I recognize all the signatures to said document, one of which is my own signature, and all the others are the signatures of the persons they purport to be. I have seen each of them write their names, and am familiar with them. All of these were made before me, in my presence, except the last one of Hernandez, and with this exception they were executed at the time the document bears date. The body of said document was written by Miguel Pedrosena.

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4th Question.

State whether or not you have seen the original of this document now here shown you and marked R. T. No 2 of which it purports to be a copy, and state whether the signatures as they appear on the original thereof are in the hand writing of the persons subscribing it?

Answer, I have seen the original of said document and the signatures as they appear thereon are genuine. My own signature wherever it appears thereon is genuine.

5th Question.

Did you or not put the grantee in Popepin, and do the other things mentioned in the document referred to marked R. T. No 1?

Answer. The grantee was put in Popepin and the other acts occurred

from mentioned.

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as therein mentioned.

6th Question. State if you know whether any connection or interest existed between Andreas Pico, & Juan B. Alvarado in regard to the conception of the Land claimed in this case at the time of said conception thereof?

Answer.

I only know that there was a sort of partnership between them, from Andreas Pico himself. I know nothing of my own knowledge.

7th Question.

Do you know any thing further in regard to the subject matter of the case?

Answer. I only know that I gave the Popoquin as required by the Order of the Governor in my capacity as Alcalde.

8th Question. Look at the document now here shown you marked R. P. No 3, and state whether or not the signatures are genuine?

Answer. I have examined said document and the signatures attached thereto are the genuine signatures of the persons they are represented therein to be. I have frequently seen them write.

Filed in Office (The U. S. Associate Law Agent May 10. 1855 declines asking any cross interrogatories.

Geo. Fisher

Antonio Ma Pico

Sec'y Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th May 1855.

R. Aug. Thompson

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Deposition United States Land Commission  
of San Francisco May 10, 1855

J. B. Alvarado. On this day before Commissioner R.  
Arg. Thompson, came Juan B. Alvarado  
a witness on behalf of the claimant  
in case No 751 who after being duly  
sworn, deposed as follows, his evidence  
being interpreted by the interpreter to the Board.

The U. S. Sp. Law Agent present,

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Questions by Claimant's Counsel.

1<sup>st</sup> Question.

What is your name  
age and place of residence?

Answer. My name is Juan  
B. Alvarado, my age 46 years and I  
reside in San Pablo.

2<sup>d</sup> Question. Do you know  
the Garden of San Cayetano, where it  
is situated?

Answer. I do, it is situated  
adjoining the Mission of San Jose.

3<sup>d</sup> Question. State whether  
you have now any interest in the said  
garden, or in the result of this case?

Answer. I have no interest  
in it. I disposed of my interest to Cleme-  
nte Parand about the year 1850.

4<sup>th</sup> Question.

State what con-  
nection if any existed between you  
and Andreas Pico at the time of the  
conception of said garden, in relation  
to it?

Answer. We were partners in  
some other business and in this also.



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5<sup>th</sup> Question.

Why was the Expediente on file in your name solely, and the concepcion in the name of Andreas Pico & yourself?

Answer.

After the petition in the said Expediente was presented in my name alone, we agreed that the title should issue for the benefit of both.

6<sup>th</sup> Question. For whose benefit was the concepcion obtained?

Answer. The concepcion was given to me before we made the agreement and before the title was issued, but in a second petition by me the title was issued to both.

7<sup>th</sup> Question. State whether or not any payments have been made to the Government in consideration of this concepcion?

Answer. Andreas Pico paid on the joint account three hundred head of cattle to the Government, or thereabouts.

U. S. A. Law Agent declines asking any cross interrogatories.

Juan B. Alvarado

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10<sup>th</sup> May 1855.

R. Aug. Thompson  
Comr.

Filed in Office May 10, 1855  
Geo. Fisher Sec'y

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En la ciudad de San José a los veinte y siete días del mes de Agosto de mil ochocientos cuarenta y cinco. el Alcalde de 1.<sup>a</sup> Nominación de dicho pueblo asistiendo por receptoria con otras testigos de asistencia à falta de escribano público presentes las cc. D.<sup>o</sup> José de Jesús Gallo D.<sup>o</sup> Miguel Sabit A. G. N.<sup>o</sup> de Pedroena Alcaldes nombrados como anexos to dep. de Antonio Maria Pico.

ordeno Alcalde proceder a la medida de las cien varas de terreno que solicita el coronel de la milicia auxiliar de este Depart.<sup>o</sup> D.<sup>o</sup> Juan Bautista Alvarado a las inmediaciones de la finca principal cuyo terreno le ha sido concedido por el E. G.<sup>o</sup> Gobernador del departamento con fecha de doce de Marzo del presente año: punto con una huerta de arboles y vina, llamada Cayetano que se halla contigua à dho. Solar y trayendo medido y reconocido el terreno principio à dha medida desde la esquina de la huerta por la parte del Sur trayendo cien varas y curvando las demás contigua a la pared de la finca y trayendo punto las moshoneras de estilo sin contradicción alguna y a satisfacción del apoderado del interesado proveyo en seguida a tomar nota circunstanciada del estado que ganaba huerta y vna y trayendo cubriendo los arboles frutales resultan ser cuatrocientos: Sesenta y siete muy deteriorados así mismo la vna que contiene tener cinco mil y cien varas porras trayendo rebajado las que están secas por mi cálculo prudente y en quanto su do posesion al interesado lo pido por testimonio y al alcalde 1.<sup>o</sup> de este pueblo lo da de haber pasado como oho es y que

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Se han hecho con la mayor legalidad  
por las mediaciones y para que conste  
en todo tiempo y lugar firmaron con  
el presente Alcalde y las de asistencia  
las personas que suscriben y se hallaron  
presentes.

Antonio M<sup>o</sup> Pico.

Alcalde de Merula.

2. año.

Asist.<sup>a</sup>

José de Jesus Gallego.

Francisco Mellus.

Se exige al interesado responga el papel sellado  
que devia usarse en este acta para que le  
sea de y firme en la ante otra fha.

Antonio M<sup>o</sup> Pico.

Franc<sup>o</sup> de Castro

Queda tomada nota en el libro 5<sup>o</sup> del  
juzgado a folios 305. y 306.

Fernandez.

Alcalde 2<sup>o</sup>

Filed in Office. May 10. 1855.

Geo. Fisher.

Secy.

Translation of Mision of San Jose on the twenty seventh  
 Exhibit No 1 day of August, one thousand eight hun-  
 to depo. of dred and forty five.  
 A. M. Pico

The Alcalde of the 1<sup>st</sup>  
 Nomination of said Town acting as  
 Treasurer, with the assistance of two  
 Nitropes in the absence of a Notary  
 Public, in the presence of Don Jose de  
 Jesus Vallejo, and Don Miguel Pedronera  
 nominated measurers, ordered them to  
 proceed with the measurement of the  
 hundred varas of Land solicited by the  
 Colonel of the Auxillary Militia of this  
 Department, Don Juan Bautista Alvarado  
 in the vicinity of the principal estate  
 which has been conceded to him by his  
 Excellency the Governor of the Department  
 under date of March the Fifteenth 1845  
 of the present year, as well as a garden  
 and vineyard called Sr Cayetano con-  
 tiguous to said solar, and after meas-  
 uring the line, they commenced the meas-  
 urement from the corner of the garden  
 on the South side, measuring one hundred  
 varas, and squaring them afterwards,  
 contiguous to the wall of said Estate,  
 and having placed the usual Land  
 marks without any resistance and to  
 the satisfaction of the authorized  
 agent, of the party interested, proceeded  
 to take a circumstantial account of  
 the state of the garden and vineyard, &  
 having counted the fruit trees, there  
 were found four hundred and sixty  
 trees, and part of them much deteriorated  
 as also the vineyard which were found

to contain five thousand one hundred vines, not counting the dry ones, and in regard to its present state.

I must in justice say that not having been pruned the past year, and being entirely neglected, the first cannot be counted upon for the next two years or more, and having given proper care to the party interested, he requested testimony thereof, and the 1<sup>st</sup> Alcalde of this Town gives it above, and that the measurements were taken with the greatest correctness by the measurers, in testimony of all which they signed the present, the Alcalde & the assistants, the persons who knew it and were present.

(Signed) Antonio Ma Pico  
Miguel Pedrosena, Jose de Jesus Vallejo  
Francisco Mellus.

The party interested is required to replace the stamped paper which ought to be used in this deed, in order that it may be valid hereafter.

So the same Judge command and sign on the above mentioned date.

(Signed) Antonio Ma Pico  
Salv<sup>r</sup> M. Castro.

Recorded in Book 5 of this office  
pages 305, 306.

(Signed) Hernandez  
Alcalde 2<sup>d</sup>

Filed in Office May 10, 1855  
Geo. Fisher,  
Secy

3. 25- 1)

Angdes. Marzo. 13 de 1845.

Exmo. Sr. Gobernador.

A. P. n.º 2.  
Expediente  
anexo al Depo.  
of. de M. Pico

Visto lo contenido en esta instancia y el auto suscritido por el Gov. de que se acuerda pasar a manos de los señores J. Pico y J. Pico para que los J. Pico y J. Pico fomenten cuanto por el estado de las cosas en que se encuentran los terrenos adjudicados a quien correspondiere de la finca principal en cuya posesion se halla el Sr. Coronel que se halla suplica de las tierras de tierra de cultivo y vino que se halla en cultivo: que en el estado de abandono que se encuentra el auto no obstante que se demuestrare de posesion por el Sr. Coronel con la constancia en que se presente solicitud considerare valer dichos plantos y proveido, a este Gobierno uniforme algunos particulares cuando se emittan por el Gob.º de la finca principal en Santa Clara y otros puntos de vino concedida por que en su vista obligó la autoridad

Exmo. Sr. Gobernador.  
Juan B. Alvarado, Coronel de la Milicia Auxiliar de este departamento a S. E. respetivamente hago presente: que deseo de establecer un caso por el Gov. dentro de los terminos de la finca de San José en cuyo establecimiento hay algunos individuos ya acudidos con permiso de los anteriores para que los J. Pico y J. Pico fomenten cuanto por el estado de las cosas en que se encuentran los terrenos adjudicados a quien correspondiere de la finca principal en cuya posesion se halla el Sr. Coronel que se halla suplica de las tierras de tierra de cultivo y vino que se halla en cultivo: que en el estado de abandono que se encuentra el auto no obstante que se demuestrare de posesion por el Sr. Coronel con la constancia en que se presente solicitud considerare valer dichos plantos y proveido, a este Gobierno uniforme algunos particulares cuando se emittan por el Gob.º de la finca principal en Santa Clara y otros puntos de vino concedida por que en su vista obligó la autoridad

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(2)

que el Sr. Alvarado que produce ofrece en esta  
 a de satisfacer en pretencion que hay desde esta  
 de cuenta a la Capital propoye a S. E. (Si asi  
 comunidad de la lo tubiere a bien.) Solicite las  
 Meritos de San José insinuaciones que crea condescentes  
 y estienda el titulo de sujetos que actualmente  
 correspondiente. de hallan en esta Ciudad, he

Pico.

cinco de aquellos puntos con  
 Convencimientos abusos de lo  
 que pidiendo a S. E. Suplico  
 de Suro aceder a esta instancia  
 Si asi lo creyere de Justicia  
 en todo lo que recibiere gracia.

Angelos. Mayo 11 de 1815.

Juan B. Alvarado.

{ Juzgado 1º del pueblo de San  
 José Guadalupe. Agosto 24. de 1815. }

Cumpliendo con el Superior decreto que  
 autoeste he pasado a la Ciudad de San  
 José y estienda la posesion que se mencionan  
 a beneficio del Sr. Coronel de Milicias D.  
 Juan B. Alvarado a vista en la persona de  
 su apoderado, de ello acto se le ha otorgado  
 Testimonio al interesado: y de viendolo estender  
 el informe que S. E. pide para a verificarlo en  
 los Territorios Sigtes

La Huerta de que se habla  
 se haya con cerco de pared con algunos muros  
 y contiene quatrocientos sesenta arboles  
 frutales utiles no habiendo mucios de  
 los de ellos por haberse totalmente deterior  
 iados: lo vino de compra de cinco mil cien  
 pesos, dejando por su parte sus contras en este  
 mundo los inutilites que son bastantes (esto por un  
 calculo precedte.) pero en cuanto a estado que  
 de ella otero decir en Justicia que no habiendo  
 prafado en el año pasado y estando esta



L. 27

amente desatendida no se puede contar  
con su justo en los dos primeros años. Solo  
que puede informar a V. E. en obsequio de  
la verdad y en cumplimiento del anterior objeto  
ya citado.

Antonio M<sup>a</sup> Pico.

E. S. Gob<sup>o</sup>

Juan B. Alvarado Coronel de la Milicia  
Auxiliar de este Departamento ante V. E.  
respetuosamente digo: que habiendo por disposi-  
cion del Gob<sup>o</sup> obtenido la gracia de que  
se pudiese a mi disposicion la buelta llamada  
En Calletano de la pertenencia de la Chispa  
D. In. José me encuentro hoy en posesion de  
la expresada una como para comenzar a  
vender en propiedad de ella sea necesario  
que el Gob<sup>o</sup> se sirva otorgarme el título  
correspondiente ruego a V. E. que me haga favor  
de decretarlo asi para cuyo efecto acompa-  
ñado los documentos de concecion y pos-  
esion correspondientes habiendo presente  
al mismo tiempo para que se sirva tener  
D. E. las conveniencias de justicia que el estado  
requiere en que se encuentra dicha  
finca no se haya producido en algunos  
mes. lo preciso para remunerar los gastos  
que se embicaran en su repuracion por  
cuya causa me atrevo a ofrecer en res-  
tucion de su valor y a favor de  
los muchos propietarios a al Gob<sup>o</sup>  
la cantidad de cincuenta cuberas de  
granado mayor.

Por tanto A. V. E. Suplico se sirva  
favorablemente a mi solicitud en que  
quiero gracia para poder comenzar.

Manabuy. Aho. R. de 1816

Juan B. Alvarado

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otro. Si. Sirvase n. e. admittir me esta en papel comun por no haber del Lemolo correspondiente en este lugar. Alvarado.

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Office of the Surveyor General of the United States for California.

I John C. Wags, Surveyor General of the United States for the State of California and as such now having in my office and under my charge and custody a portion of the archives of the former Spanish and Mexican Territory or Department of Upper California by virtue of the power vested in me by law do hereby certify that the five preceding & hereunto annexed pages of tracing paper numbered from one to five inclusive exhibit a true and accurate copy of a certain document now on file and forming part of the said archives in this office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto signed my name officially and caused my seal of office to be affixed at the City of San Francisco this twenty first day of March. 1855.

John C. Wags.  
U.S. Surveyor General  
for California.

Filed in office May 10. 1855.

Geo. Fisher Secy.

Translation of His Excellency the Governor.

Exhibit R. P.

Juan B. Alvarado Colonel

No 2 to depo of  
A. M. Pico

of the Auxiliary Militia of this Department before your Excellency respectfully represents that being desirous of establishing a house within the limits of the Mipim of San Jose in which establishment there are some individuals already residing by permission of your Excellency's predecessors, which individuals have received grants of lots according to their respective petitions.

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PAGE 26

I have to ask of your Excellency that you be pleased to grant to me, one hundred varas of Land in the vicinity of the main building, including moreover an orchard of trees and a vineyard which is contiguous to said lot, but separate from the principal one of the Mipim, as this property is almost completely abandoned, & offering nevertheless to indemnify or satisfy the natives or the government for the value of said plants, as has been done by other persons. When the government has granted them vacant houses at the Mipim of Santa Clara and other places, on account of their being in the condition which I have stated, for which purpose and in order to avoid the delays which may arise in deciding upon this petition, on account of the great distance from this capital, I suggest to your Excellency, (if you should think fit,) to take the informations which you may think necessary from persons who

are actually in this City, who are persons living in that neighborhood and well informed in relation to what I solicit. I beg of your Excellency that you be pleased to accede to this my petition, if you think it just, in which I shall receive a favor &c.

Angeles March 11<sup>th</sup> 1845

Duan B. Alvarado,

Angeles March 12<sup>th</sup> 1845.

Having seen the contents of this petition and the Government being convinced that it is for the prosperity of the Department that the lands of the Mipim should pass into the hands of industrious individuals who may improve them, and also taking into consideration the decaying condition of the Indians, I decree & order, That the respective Judge may put the Sr Colonel in possession of the one hundred varas of land, Orchard and Vineyard which he solicits; that the act of possession being concluded, the same Judge will send to this Government, a minute report stating the actual condition of the Orchard and Vineyard which have been granted, as also the present petition and decree, in order that in view thereof the Government may know what sum of money the Sr Alvarado will have to pay over to the Community of the Mipim of Sr. Jose for the same, and that the title be issued.

Pico

1<sup>st</sup> Tribunal of San José Guadalupe  
August 27<sup>th</sup> 1845.

In obedience to the foregoing Superior decree, I have gone to the Mipim of San José, and I have given the papepin therein mentioned to the Señor Colonel of Militia D. Juan B. Alvarado represented by his agent, of which act of papepin I have given a certified Copy (testimonio) to the interested party and having to give the report which your Excellency asks, I proceed to do it as follows, to wit; the orchard spoken of is enclosed with a wall partly fallen down, and it contains four hundred and sixty useful fruit trees, without mentioning others, which are useless; the vineyard contains five thousand, one hundred vines, not counting of course in this estimate, those which are useless, which are a great many, but in regard to general condition of the same, I must in justice say, that having not been pruned last year, and having been entirely neglected, they cannot be expected to produce any thing for the next two years. This is what I can say to your Excellency in obedience to the said foregoing decree.

Antonio Mañico

To His Excellency the Governor

Juan B. Alvarado Colonel  
of Auxiliary Militia of this Department  
before your Excellency respectfully represents; that having, through a determination

of the Government, obtained the privilege of putting to my disposal the orchard called Sr. Callitano which is of the property of the Mission of Sr. Jose. I am now in possession of the same but as in order to be considered as the owner in full property of the same it is necessary that the Government should issue to me the corresponding title, I pray of your Excellency that you be pleased to decree accordingly for which purpose I annex hereto the documents which are the evidence of the conception and possession of the same; representing to you likewise, in order that your Excellency may act in justice that on account of the received condition of the property, the same will not produce to your petitioner for some years even enough to remunerate him for the expense of repairs, for which reason I offer in payment thereof, either to the Archbishops or to the Government, the number of two hundred head of neat cattle.

Therefore I pray of your Excellency that you may decree favorably to my petition wherein I shall receive a favor &c. Monterey March 10<sup>th</sup> 1846

Juan B. Alvarado

addition

Be pleased to admit this on common paper for want of the corresponding stamped, in this place

Alvarado

Filed in Office May 10, 1855 Geo. Fisher Secy

Pío Pico Gobernador Constitucional del Depart<sup>o</sup>  
de California.

Por cuanto Don Andres Pico y Don  
Juan B. Alvarado han solicitado para su  
beneficio personal y el de sus familias la  
puerta de San Cayetano con unas de lien  
varas de frente al Sur de dicha puerta y de  
fondo todo el terreno que comprende para  
Exhibi<sup>o</sup> R.S. n<sup>o</sup> 3. el Oriente hasta la orilla de las Lomas  
inmediatas con inclusion del ojo de  
Antonio Maria aqui deitar de este terreno, practica las  
Pico.  
previamente las diligencias y averiguaciones  
concernientes y en uso de las facultades  
con que me he visto autorizado por el  
Supremo Gobierno a nombre de la Nacion  
he venido en conceder a los expresados Don  
Andres Pico y Don Juan B. Alvarado  
la puerta y terreno que se menciona en  
la Mision de San José, declarando le  
la propiedad de ello por las presentes letras  
todo de conformidad con la ley de 18 de Agosto  
de 1824 y art<sup>o</sup> 5.<sup>o</sup> del reglamento Supremo  
de 21 de Noviembre de 1828 y bajo las condi-  
ciones siguientes.

1.<sup>o</sup> Entendese a Don Andres Pico  
y Don Juan B. Alvarado la puerta de San  
Cayetano en la Mision de San José con unas  
de lien varas de frente al Sur inmedi-  
atamente de dicha puerta y de  
fondo todo el terreno que se comprende  
entre el ojo de agua que niega dicha  
puerta hasta llegar a las unas  
inmediatas del Oriente.

2.<sup>o</sup> Por el beneficio de retencion  
y aprovecham<sup>to</sup> con que los expresados  
Andres Pico y Juan B. Alvarado  
reciben la puerta de San Cayetano

y terrenos referidos en la Medion de San José puyunan a este Gobierno por via de indemnizacion de ciertas cabeceras de ganado mayor el cuyo pago estan dispuesto en el tiempo que a este Gobierno le pasesca convenientemente enjir.

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Dada en la Ciudad de los Angeles, Capital del Departamento de California en papel comun por falta de sellado a los veinte cinco dias del mes mayo del año de mil ochocientos cinquenta y seis

Pro Vio

José Mathias Moreno.

Int. Int.

Queda tomada razon de este Superior Superior libro respectivo.

Moreno.

Filed in Office. May. 10. 1855.

Geo. Fisher.

Secy.



Translation of Pio Pico Constitutional Governor of the  
Exhibit N. 2. Department of California.

Annexed to  
depo. of A. M.  
Pico.

Govt  
Stamp  
Pico.

Whereas Don Andreas Pico and  
Don Juan B. Alvarado have

solicited for their personal benefit and  
that of their family, the Orchard de San  
Cayetano, with a hundred varas more  
in front to the South of said Orchard  
and in the back ground the whole  
land as comprised towards the East,  
to the border of the adjoining hills, in-  
clusive of the Spring of Water within  
said Land, the steps and investigations  
concerning thereto having been first  
had and taken; and in exercise of  
the powers wherewith I am authorized  
by the Supreme Government, in the name  
of the Nation, I have granted to the said  
Don Andreas Pico, and Don Juan B.  
Alvarado, the orchard and land as  
above mentioned in the Mision of  
San Jose; declaring to them the owner-  
ship thereof by these presents, all in  
conformity with the Law of 18th of  
August 1824 and Art. 5th of the Sup-  
reme Regulation of 21. of March 1828,  
and under the following conditions.

1<sup>st</sup> The Orchard de San Cayetano  
in the Mision of San Jose, with a  
hundred varas more in front to the  
South immediately to said Orchard,  
and in the back ground the whole  
Land as comprised between the Spring  
of Water, which irrigates said orchard  
until reaching the adjoining hills to the

East, pertains to Don Andreas Pico of  
Don Juan B. Alvarado.

2<sup>nd</sup> For the benefit of plowing  
it for the first time, wherewith the said  
Andreas Pico and Juan B. Alvarado  
receive the Orchard de San Cayetano  
and land above mentioned in the  
Alficeria of San Jose, they shall pay this  
government in the way of compensation  
two hundred head of neat cattle, to  
which payment they shall be ready  
at the time as this Government may  
deem it fit to receive the same.

Given at the City of Los Angeles  
Capitol of the Department of Califor-  
nia on common paper for want  
of stamped paper the twenty fifth  
day of the Month of May one thousand  
Eight hundred & forty six.

Pio Pico

Jose Matias Manana  
Secy ad interim

Record of this Superior title is taken  
in the proper Book.

Moseno

I certify the above to be true and  
correct translation

Geo. Fisher

Sec'y

Juan B. Alvarado This Indenture made and entered  
 No 3 into this twenty third day of December  
 C. Parand in the year of our Lord One thousand  
 Conveyance Juan B. Alvarado of the first part  
 and Clement Parand of the second  
 part, all of the State of California,  
 Municipality, that the said Juan B. Alva-  
 rado, for and in consideration of the  
 sum of Five Thousand dollars to him  
 in hand paid by the said Clemente Par-  
 and, the receipt whereof is hereby ac-  
 knowledged and confessed, hath grant-  
 ed, bargained and sold, and by these  
 presents do hereby grant bargain sell  
 convey, alien and confirm unto the  
 said Clemente Parand and unto his  
 heirs and assigns forever, one undivided  
 half of the following described property  
 lying and being situate in or near the  
 Municipality of San Jose County of Santa Clara  
 and State of California to wit; The  
 one undivided half of the Garden or  
 vineyard known and called as the  
 Cayetano, which was granted by the  
 former Government, and jointly by Don  
 Andreas Pico and me owned, and which  
 said Garden or vineyard was leased  
 by us the said Alvarado and Pico to  
 Pierre Estern Ogives who has used  
 and occupied the same by virtue of  
 said lease for the last three years more  
 or less. To have and to hold the said  
 one undivided half of said property  
 together with the tenements and  
 appurtenances thereto belonging

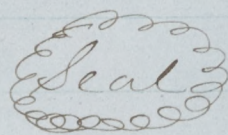
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or in any wise appertaining unto him the said Clemente Parand his heirs and assigns forever, and I the said Juan B. Alvarado for myself and my heirs, executors, and administrators, do covenant with the said Clemente Parand his heirs and assigns, that I am lawfully seized in fee simple of the said part of said premises; that the same is free from all incumbrances; that I have good right to sell and convey the same to the said Parand his heirs and assigns forever, as aforesaid, and that I will, and my heirs executors and administrators shall warrant and defend the same to the said Clement Parand his heirs and assigns forever, against the lawful claims and demands of all persons.

In witness whereof I the said Juan B. Alvarado have hereunto set my hand and seal the day and year first above written.

Juan B. Alvarado



Executed and delivered

in presence of

A. C. Campbell.

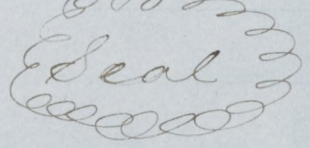
State of California

County of Santa Clara

On this 23<sup>d</sup> day of December A. D. 1850, before me a Notary Public in and for said County personally appeared Juan B. Alvarado personally known to me to be the person

whose name is signed to the foregoing instrument as a party thereto and acknowledged to me that he executed the same freely and voluntarily and for the uses and purposes therein mentioned.

Witness my hand and private seal having no official seal, this day and year above written.

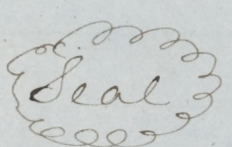
J. O. Minor   
Notary Public

Filed 10<sup>th</sup> O. Clock A.M.  
23<sup>d</sup> December 1850.

J. F. Richardson R. C. C.  
J. Flournoy Deputy

County Recorder's Office, County Santa Clara, State of California.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of an instrument in writing, (Juan B. Alvarado Deed to Clemente Sanand,) now on Record in book C. of Deeds, on pages 257 in this office. Witness my hand and official seal this 5<sup>th</sup> day of April A. D. 1855, at office in the City of San Jose.

 S. A. Clark County Recorder  
By H. Lewis Deputy.

Filed in Office May 9, 1855  
Geo. Fisher Secy

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Opinion  
of the  
Board

Alumnus Pannus  
& al vs  
The United States

} Parcel of 1000 by now  
} vacant in size called  
} the Garden of our  
} laytans in Santee  
} Alameda County

In their Petition to the Commission the claim-  
ants alleged the issuing of a grant of the  
land by General Pico to General B. Alvarado  
in August 1845 and a subsequent conveyance  
by said grantee to them

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No proof is offered  
tending to substantiate any of the allegations  
of the Petition

The claim is sustained by  
no evidence and must consequently be  
rejected

Rejected  
Filed in Office February 1853  
Geo Fisher  
Secretary

Decree

Alumnus Pannus  
vs  
The United States

} Petition leave on hearing  
} the proofs and allegations  
} is adjudged by the  
} Commission that the claim of the said  
} Petitioners is not valid

and it is therefore  
decreed that their application for admis-  
sion to the land be denied

Alphus Felch  
Ray Thompson  
S. B. Farwell

Commissioners  
Filed in Office February 1853  
Geo Fisher  
Secretary

and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Board  
that the land hereby adjudicated is situated  
in the Northern District of California it  
is hereby ordered that two transcripts of the  
proceedings and of the decision in this  
case and of the papers and instruments  
which the same are founded be made  
out and duly certified by the Secretary  
of which transcripts shall be filed with  
the Clerk of the U.S. District Court for  
the Northern District of California and the  
other be transmitted to the Attorney General  
of the United States

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Clement Panand &amp; al.

The United States.

Opinion of the  
Board delivered  
by Com<sup>r</sup>  
Belch.

3 For the place called the Orchard  
of San Cayetano in Santa Clara  
County, alleged to be 10,000 varas  
long by 2000 wide -

The claimants allege that a grant was made by Governor Pio Pico to Juan B. Alvarado and the petitioner Andrés Pico on the 26<sup>th</sup> day of May 1846. - The petitioner Panand, claims title to an undivided half of the premises under a deed of conveyance thereof to him, executed by said Alvarado, December 23, 1850, a certified copy of which from the Recorder's Office is given in evidence.

The grant issued by the Governor is presented and proved. The land conceded is therein described as the garden or orchard (la huerta) of San Cayetano, with certain other lands adjoining it, but the description is not sufficiently definite to identify any portion of land lying outside of the orchard limits. The petitioners, undoubtedly in consideration of this fact, have confined their claim, as set out in their petition to the premises known as the Garden of San Cayetano.

From the testimony, both oral and documentary, it is evident that the premises claimed was one of those ancient orchards or gardens which existed at all the Missions, under the charge of the priests, planted by their care and used for the manifold purposes pertaining to their subsistence & comfort and the support of divine service -

In the case of Bishop Alonzo (Case No. 609) we held that property of this character was dedicated to the Church by the government, and especially so by Decree of the President of the Mexican Republic of November 17<sup>th</sup> 1840. By the proclamation of Governor Micheltreina of March 29, 1843 (See Exc. Dec. No. 17. No. Reps. 31. Cong. Sess. p. 161) this property was restored to the possession of the priests - No portion of the premises could then be rightfully granted; it belonged to the

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Church. When subsequently Governor Pico, proposed to make sale of property of this description the Supreme Government of Mexico interfered with its prohibition. The decree emanating from the President of the Republic prohibiting such sales to be made, and bearing date November 14. 1845, was received by Governor Pico before this grant was issued. We have fully considered the effect of this decree in case No. 110. wherein Andres Pico and others are claimants.

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Under the decrees above mentioned the authority of Governor Pico to grant this property, if it existed before, ceased, and his act in this face of the prohibition, was unauthorized and void.

A decree adverse to the claimant must consequently be entered.

Rejected.

Filed in Office Dec. 18. 1855.

Geo. Fisher.

Secy.

Decree.

Clement Parand & al. }  
vs }  
The United States. }

In this case on hearing the proofs and allegations it is adjudged by the Commission that the claim of the said petitioners is not valid; and it is therefore decreed that their application for the confirmation thereof be denied.

Alphus Felch. }  
R. Aug. Thompson. } Commissioners  
S. B. Farnell. }

Filed in Office Dec. 18. 1855.

Geo. Fisher, Secy.

Office of the Board of Commissioners,  
To ascertain and settle the Private Land Claims in the State of California.

*J. George Fisher* Secretary to  
the Board of Commissioners to ascertain and settle the Private  
Land Claims in the State of California, do hereby certify the  
foregoing *Forty four* pages, numbered from  
1 to 44, both inclusive, to contain a true, correct and full Tran-  
script of the Record of the Proceedings and of the Decision of the  
said Board, of the Documentary Evidence and of the Testimony  
of the Witnesses, upon which the same is founded, on file in this  
Office, in Case No. 751. on the Docket of the said Board,  
wherein

*Clement Sanand, et al,* are  
the Claimants against the United States, for the place known by  
the name of *Garden of San Cayetano*

In Testimony Whereof, I hereunto set my hand  
and affix my private Seal (not having a Seal  
of Office) at San Francisco, California, this  
*Eleventh* day of *February*  
A. D. 1856, and of the Independence of the  
United States of America the ~~seventy~~-*eightieth*

*J. G. Fisher*  
*J. G. Fisher*



414

U. S. DISTRICT COURT

District of California.

No. 414

THE UNITED STATES

vs.

*Edward Parrott et al.*

TRANSCRIPT OF THE RECORD

FROM

BOARD OF U. S. LAND COMMISSIONERS.

In Case No. 414

Filed, February 15, 1856

*J. A. [unclear]*  
*Clk.*

United States District Court }  
Northern District of California }

No. 414

The United States  
vs  
Clemente Paranaud & al }

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In the above  
cause, numbered 751 upon the Docket  
of the United States Board of Commissioners to  
ascertain & settle private land claims in  
the state of California - the said Board having  
rendered its decision rejecting the claim  
and title of the claimants to the lands  
named the garden of San Cayetano as  
set forth in the transcript heretofore  
filed with the Clerk of said Court  
in said case No. 414

Notice is hereby  
given that it is the intention of the  
claimants herein to prosecute their  
appeal from said decision

J. M. Halladay  
Claimant's Attorney

U.S. District Court  
Southern Dist of California

No. 414

The United States

vs

Clement Panaccard

Notice of intent to prosecute appeal

Filed  
May 6, 1856.  
Chas  
Deputy.

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To the Honorable District Court of the  
United States for the Northern District  
of California

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Clement Parnaud and Andreas  
Pico, petitioning for a confirmation of  
their claim to the tract of land herein-  
after described respectfully represent

That on the 2<sup>d</sup> day of March 1853  
they filed their petition and claim for con-  
firmation to the said tract of land with  
the Board of U.S. Land Commissioners  
to ascertain and settle private Land  
Claims in the State of California, it  
being case No 751 on the Docket of said  
Board

That on the 10<sup>th</sup> of May 1855  
by stipulation in writing duly signed  
they filed their amended petition for the  
same.

That they duly filed their doc-  
umentary evidence of title with said  
Board of Commissioners and introduced  
their testimony in proof of their written  
evidence of title, and other pertinent and  
relevant evidence touching their title  
and possession to and of said land.

That upon the papers & evidence  
of their claim to said land, being sub-  
mitted for decision, said Board under-  
stood their decision and opinion in

writing Rejecting the said claim of these  
petitioners to said land

That on the 6<sup>th</sup> day of May 1856  
petitioners duly filed with the clerk of this  
Court a Notice in writing of their intention  
to present an appeal from said  
Opinion and Decree of said Board, reject-  
ing said claim

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That a full transcript of the  
proceedings and decision in said cause  
no 751 and of the papers and the evidence  
on which the same is founded, was  
duly prepared and certified and is now  
on file in this Honorable Court and  
is known as Case no 414 on the  
Docket of Land Cases, all of which  
proceedings in said transcript are hereby  
referred to and made a part hereof -

That these petitioners in said case  
no 751 before said Board of Land Commis-  
sioners, now hereby, claim title to  
the following described tract of land  
which they pray may be confirmed to  
them, namely: a tract of land situated  
at the Mission of San Jose in the present  
County of Alameda in the State of California  
and within the jurisdiction of this Court  
being about two hundred Varas in  
width from north to south and about  
one thousand Varas in length from  
East to West a little more or less  
which tract of land embraces and  
includes the old Orchard and Vineyard  
called "San Cayetano" and a spring of



water to the east thereof near the foot  
of the hills, and is bounded and described  
as follows: beginning on the east side  
of the main public road running  
north and south through the mission  
of San José at the north west corner  
of said old Orchard and Vineyard, that is  
at the intersection of the old walls  
forming the north and west bound-  
aries thereof: thence southwardly  
along the west wall and one hundred  
Varas beyond and south of the south-  
erly end thereof: thence eastwardly  
along the fence parallel with and  
one hundred Varas south of the  
old wall which was formerly the  
southerly boundary of said Orchard  
and Vineyard and parallel therewith to the  
foot of the hills one thousand Varas  
a little more or less including the  
spring of water within the east line  
thence northwardly at right angles  
to said south line to a point in range  
with the line of the old north wall  
of said Orchard and Vineyard: thence  
westwardly to the north east corner  
thereof and along the north wall of  
said Orchard and Vineyard to the  
point of beginning.

The nature of the claim of  
petitioners to said land is as follows to  
wit,

On the 11th day of March 1845,

Don Juan B. Alvarado presented his petition in writing to Pio Pico being Governor of California, praying a grant of the said tract of land, showing in his petition that said Orchard and Vineyard were then "almost completely abandoned, and offering indemnity to the natives or to the Government for the value of the plants (meaning the fruit trees <sup>or vines</sup> in said Orchard and Vineyard) as has been done by other persons when the government has granted them vacant houses at the Mission of Santa Clara and other places, on account of their being in the condition stated".

On the next day thereafter to-wit on the 12th of March 1845 the said Governor Pio Pico being thereto duly authorized and empowered, did by his writing entered on the margin of said petition & by him duly signed, (reciting that "the Government being ~~satisfied~~ convinced that it is for the prosperity of the Department that the lands of the Mission should pass into the hands of industrious individuals who may improve them, and also taking into consideration the decaying condition of the Indians") directed to the proper local magistrate, Order and Decree said Magistrate to put the said Juan B. Alvarado into possession of the one hundred Varas of land orchard and

Vineyard which he petitioned for that "it

Vineyard which he petitioned for, that the act of possession being concluded, the same judge should send to the Government a minute report stating the actual condition of the Orchard and Vineyard which have been granted in order that the Government may know what sum of money the Señor Alvarado will have to pay &c

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That on and prior to the 27th day of August 1845 Antonio Maria Pico the then Alcalde to whom said Order and Decree of said Governor were directed, in obedience thereto, and by the aid of measurers and assistants for that purpose selected, measured off said land petitioned for, and erected monuments to designate the boundaries thereof and put the said Alvarado into the possession of the same "without any resistance", and also took a circumstantial account of the state of the Orchard and Vineyard, counting the fruit trees and the vines therein, all of which acts he duly reported to the Government and also gave to the said Alvarado a certified copy of the same, all of which acts duly proven appear in the certified copy of the proceedings in this case.

That on the 25th of May 1846 (the said Alvarado being then in the possession of said land ever since the said

acts of the 27th of August 1845, giving  
him the judicial possession thereof) at the  
instance and request of the said Alvarado  
and by agreement to that effect between <sup>him</sup> <sup>and</sup> <sup>the</sup> <sup>said</sup> <sup>Andreas</sup> <sup>Pico</sup>  
a further and a final title was duly  
executed and issued by the said Governor  
Pio Pico to the said Juan B. Alvarado  
and Don Andreas Pico jointly, whereby  
"declaring to them the ownership" of  
the said land on certain terms of payment  
therein mentioned which the said grantee  
should be ready to make at the time  
the government might deem fit to receive  
the same.

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That in pursuance of the terms  
of payment mentioned in said grant  
the said grantee Andreas Pico did on  
account of himself and the said Alvarado,  
upon demand of the Government of  
California afterwards, about the beginning  
of June 1846 make the payments for  
said grant to the full satisfaction of said  
Government.

That on the 23<sup>d</sup> of December  
1850 the said Juan B. Alvarado by  
his Warrant No. of that date duly exe-  
cuted and acknowledged, sold assigned  
and transferred to the said Clement Pina-  
and, one undivided half, being all his  
right title and interest in and to the  
lands aforesaid which deed was duly  
recorded in the proper County, a duly  
certified copy of which appears in the said  
certification in this case, whereby  
the said Clement Pinaand became and  
now is the lawful owner and holder of a part

the said Clement Parnaud became and  
now is the lawful owner and holder of all the  
former right title and interest of the  
said Alvarado in and to the lands  
aforesaid and every part thereof with  
the <sup>appurtenances</sup> thereto belonging.

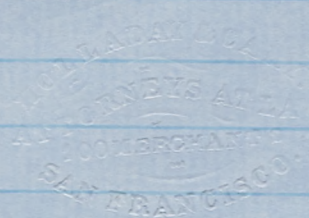
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That all the time since the 29  
th. day of August 1845, when the judicial  
possession of said land was given to said  
Alvarado, he and these petitioners, some or  
all of them have been and the petitioner  
Clement Parnaud now is in the actual  
possession of the said granted land as above  
described, cultivating the same as an  
Orchard Vineyard and garden.

Wherefore these petitioners  
Andreas Pico and Clement Parnaud  
prayer this Honorable Court to review  
and reverse the decree of said Board of  
United States Land Commissioners rendered  
in this case and pronounce a decree  
in favor of the validity and in confirmation  
of the said grant and concession to the said  
grantee and to these petitioners claiming  
through and under them,

S. W. Holladay  
Atty for Pico & Parnaud



No 414.

District Court of the  
United States for the  
Northern Dist of California

Segment Pomeroy &  
Andrus Pico

<sup>vs</sup>  
The United States

Petition to Review  
Decision of Land Comrs

Filed April 20. 1857.

W. H. Cheever,  
Deputy.

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J. H. Balladay  
Atty for Petitioners  
100 Market Street

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT,  
Northern District of California.

Clement Parand & Co

vs

San Francisco, April 30<sup>th</sup> 1857

The United States

ON this day, before

Geo. A. Monroe

a

Commissioner of the United States for the Northern District of California, duly authorized to administer oaths, &c., &c., came

Louis Lerues

Ballejo & A. Maubis a witness, produced on behalf of the

Claimants

in Case No. 414, being an appeal from the Board of Commissioners to ascertain and settle the Private Land Claims in the State of California, in Case No. 797 on the Docket of the said Board of Commissioners, and was duly sworn and testified as follows — <sup>their</sup> his evidence being interpreted by —

J. E. Grimes. a sworn interpreter

PRESENT:

Holliday for Claimants  
& the U. S. Dist. Atty.

QUESTION BY Counsel for Clants.

What is your name age and occupation?

Answer My name is Louis Lerues Ballejo I reside in San Jose and am 57<sup>years</sup> of age

Witness being shown "Exhibit N. 7. No 1 annexed to deposition of Antonio Maria Pico" contained in the Transcript on file in the U. S. Dist. Court for the Northern District of California, says it is a true copy of the original on file in the Surveyor General's Office and which original I

have this day seen.

I recognize the signatures on the original of Antonio Maria Pico & Miguel Pedrosas and my own signature. I signed the document at the time. Question - Did the acts of possession recited in said document occur as therein stated -

Answer They did -

Antonio Maria Pico was at the time a Judge of the Pueblo of San Jose. I assisted in measuring the land mentioned in the document alluded to.

I held no Public Office at that time. Antonio Maria Pico assisted in measuring & giving possession. He then resided in San Jose and the land alluded to was within his jurisdiction. I heard of a final title being given to Don Andreas Pico and Governor Alvarado jointly but, I did not see it.

I saw this morning for the first time in the Surveyor General's office an original title to Don Andreas Pico and Governor Alvarado, of "Exhibit N 3 No 3 annexed to the deposition of Antonio Maria Pico" now on file in the United States District Court for the U. S. of Cal. I recognized the <sup>Seal</sup> signature as the one used at the time by the government



The possession at the date of the act of possession was given to Arnaud as the agent of Alvarado and he continued in possession as the agent of Alvarado.

Arnaud cultivated the land and took care of the trees &c. Sometimes he had men assisting him. Arnaud was in possession as Alvarado's agent for two years more or less. After Arnaud left a Frenchman by the name Bignes went into possession under a lease from Alvarado. I heard that the lease was jointly given by Alvarado and Pico.

Bignes continued to cultivate the land. I <sup>never</sup> held the office of Administrator of the Mission and was familiar with the Mexican Laws at the time I heard of the title of Alvarado and Pico at the time but I did not see it. I believed it to be a good title at the time and believe it was recognized as valid.

(Dist Atty objects to the last Question and Answer.)

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I know when the vineyard was  
planted and at the time I was  
Administrator of the Mission.  
The Mission at that time was  
in charge of the Government.  
I remember when possession  
was given to Alvarado that on  
the southern side one Hundred  
varas from the wall stakes  
were put up to mark the  
boundary

Cross-Ed. There was always  
a priest living at the Mission.  
I have subscribed }  
before me this 30<sup>th</sup> day } J. J. Vallejo  
of April A.D. 1857 }  
Francisco M. Moore  
M. S. Comins.

Anno Mombé being sworn says  
I am 48 years of age and reside  
at San José. I am the person  
of whom Mr. Ballpa spoke  
in the testimony just given  
by him -

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A written order was given to  
me by Alvarado to take posses-  
sion of the orchard <sup>of San Cayetano</sup> in the Mis-  
sion of San José and I took  
possession in the month of  
August in 1845. The judicial  
possession was given to me  
by the Alcalde Antonio Maria  
Pico as the agent of Alvarado.  
in August 1845. I saw the paper  
signed by the Alcalde and the  
measurers. I saw the same  
paper to day in the Surveyor  
Generals Office. It is the same  
original paper which I saw  
in 1845. and it was signed at  
the time it bears date.

~~I saw the final title which was  
given by Pico to Andreas Pico  
and Governor Alvarado. I saw  
the title at the time it was issued  
and I myself delivered it to~~

I continued in possession two years as the Agent of Alvarado after the Alcalde gave me possession. There was no produce from the vines for two or three years. I with the aid of some Indians continued to cultivate the vines.

Did you hear from Alvarado or any one else that Don Andres Pico was a part owner of the land (Olpeted to)

Answer I did. Alvarado himself told me so. at the time. I first took possession.

After I left Peter Vignes took possession. Vignes is now in France. I think Vignes leased it from Governor Alvarado.

Vignes continued in possession three or four years and cultivated the land. After the land was measured we put down stakes to mark the boundaries.

The monuments were put on the southern line a hundred <sup>varas</sup> yards from the south wall

1st Book 1

of the Orchard.

Cross - Ex<sup>d</sup>. There was one Priest at the Mission, living there at the time. He performed service at the time.

I cultivated the land by taking care of the Orchard. Vignes continued to cultivate it in the same way - The garden was enclosed by a wall. it was enclosed by an adobe wall when I took possession - The wall was in a dilapidated condition.

Sworn to & Subscribed  
before me this 30<sup>th</sup> Day  
of April A.D. 1857.

Arno Maub's

John A. Monroe

U.S. Commiss.

414.

U. S. Dist. Court.

The United States.

— ad —

C. Priand, et al.,

depositions of  
Valley & Maudes.

Filed April 30, 1857.

W. A. Chever,

Deputy.

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To the Honorable Cyden Hoffman Jr.  
Judge of the District Court of the United  
States for the Northern District of California.

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Clement Panand & Andres Pico  
the petitioners here-in respectfully represent  
& show unto your Honor that they are the  
present claimants and owners of the  
following described piece or parcel of  
land. Situated at the Mission of San  
Jose in the present County of Alameda &  
within the Northern District of the State  
of California. which is known & called  
"San Cayetano" which piece or tract of  
land including an old orchard & vineyard  
is bounded as follows to wit - beginning  
on the east side of the main public road  
running north and south through the  
said Mission of San Jose at the north west  
corner of said orchard & vineyard, that  
is at the intersection of the Adobe walls for-  
-ming the north and west boundaries there  
-of running them south wendly along the west  
-wall to one hundred varas beyond and south  
of the southerly end of said west wall, thence  
eastwardly along the board fence one hundred  
varas southerly of and parallel with the  
old wall which was formerly the southerly bound-  
-ary of said orchard & vineyard to the foot of

the hills, one thousand varas - a little more or less, so as to include the spring of water within the last line: thence north westerly to a point in range with the line of the old north wall of said Orchard and Vineyard thence west westerly to the north east corner thereof and along the north wall of said Orchard & Vineyard to the point of beginning; the said tract or parcel of land being about one thousand varas in length - from east to west and two hundred varas in width from north to south. —

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The title of these petitioners to the said tract of land is based upon the following acts, proceedings & titles papers to wit -

First. A petition written and dated the 11<sup>th</sup> day of March 1845. presented to Pio Pico then Constitutional Governor of the Territory of California. for a grant of said land.

Second. An Act. Decree or Grant in -  
-decree upon the margin of said petition, dated the ~~ninth~~ day thereafter to wit on the 12<sup>th</sup> day of March 1845. signed by said Pio Pico. Governor addressed to the proper local Magistrate, where by said Governor Pico. decreed & ordered the respective Judges. to put the petitioner into possession of the said land.

Third the Act of Judicial possession. being the paper evidence of the measurement of



the paper evidence of the measurement of said land, the erection of the land marks and boundaries thereof and the delivery of the possession of the same to the party interested, signed by Antonio Maria Pico the then Alcalde to whom said Decree of Governor Pico was directed and also signed by several witnesses and assistants to the said act of possession.

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Fourth. A petition for a definite & final title paper for said land (made pursuant to said act of possession) addressed to the said Governor Pico Pico dated the 1<sup>st</sup> day of March 1846.

Fifth. A full definite & final title paper to said land based upon said various other papers and acts of possession whereby the said Governor Pico Pico declared to Juan B. Alvarado and Andres Pico the full title and ownership in and to the said tract of land, by means of all which various acts and papers the said Juan B. Alvarado and Andres Pico became & were the owners in fee simple absolute of the land above described, each one of them owning an equal undivided one-half thereof.

Sixth. A deed executed by said Alvarado in due form on the 23<sup>d</sup>

day of December 1850. whereby he bargained  
sold and conveyed his undivided half  
of said land to the petitioner Clement  
Panama who thereby became and still  
is the owner of all the said one half inte-  
-rest of the said Alvarado in and to said  
land, the said Andres Pico being the present  
owner and claimant of the other undivided  
half thereof. —

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Besides a continued use occupa-  
-tion and cultivation of said land  
by the original grantees and these peti-  
-tioners from the date of the act of  
judicial possession on the 29<sup>th</sup> of Au-  
-gust 1845 to the present time, during all  
of which time, these petitioners & the said  
Alvarado have been in the sole exclusive  
an adverse possession of said land. —

That a full copy of all and  
singular said acts of possession - petitions  
decrees & deeds duly proved & certified  
appears in the record or certified trans-  
-cript from the board of United States  
Land Commissioners ~~is~~ now on file, and  
known as case No 414 in the docket of  
land cases in this court, which for further  
particularity is hereby referred to, and  
made a part of this petition. —

Petitioners aver that their said  
title papers as they verily believe are all  
genuine, bona fide & valid acts, constituting  
the first and only valid title to said land  
and that they entitle these petitioners

and that they entitle these petitioners to preference and priority to a patent from the United States, on any and all other claimants to said land.

That these petitioners are now prosecuting their claim for a confirmation of said title to said land in said case No. 414. in the docket of land cases in this Court, and they expect and believe in due time their title there to will be confirmed to them by decree of this Court.

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Your petitioners further show that the Roman Catholic Archbishop, the Rt Reverend Bishops John S. Alemany, in case No 425, in the docket of land cases in this Court is a petitioner for a part of the tract above described to wit the part thereof included within the limits of the old Adobe wall which formerly marked the boundaries of said old Orchard & Vineyard called "San Cayetano" which measured & included 8 acres, 3 roods, & 14 perches which by the final decree of this Court, had been confirmed to him the said Alemany. who is about to apply to the Commissioner of the General Land Office for a patent to issue to him for the said land last mentioned, and who will apply for and get a patent for the same unless restrained by the injunction of this Court

whereby these petitioners will be greatly  
injured in their rights in the premises

These petitioners dispute and  
and contest the claim of title of the  
said Bishop J. S. Allemany to said  
land and every part thereof, and aver  
that his claim thereto is illegal and  
invalid. —

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Wherefore these petitioners  
pray your Honor to hear & determine the  
same, & for a final decree of this same  
court declaring the claim of the said  
J. S. Allemany and all others claiming  
said land through or under him to be  
invalid & void, and upon the final  
hearing hereof to grant an injunction  
to restrain him the said John S. Allemany  
from issuing out a patent for said  
land until the title thereto has been  
finally decided as between him and these  
petitioners, and thereafter that said  
injunction may be made perpetual.  
and for such other & further relief in the  
premises as may be just & equitable. —

J. N. Holladay  
" "  
Atty for Petitioners

State of California  
County of San Francisco

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Clemente Panard on a file  
petitioners above named being duly  
sworn doth depose and say that he  
has <sup>been</sup> read the foregoing petition & knows the  
contents thereof and that the facts as  
therein stated are true of his own  
knowledge except as to those that  
are therein stated on his inform-  
ation and belief and those he believes  
to be true;

Sworn & subscribed before  
me this 19th day of May 1857

W. H. Chever.

Deputy Clerk. N. S.  
Dist. Court. S. D. of Cal.

Clement Panard

Monday June 22/53

In the Matter of  
The Petition

of

Elemeut Parnand  
& Andrews Pico

— no —

J. S. Alsmurray  
concerning the  
"San Cayetano"

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S. W. Holladay  
Atty for Petitioners  
100 Front Street

In the Matter of the Petitions  
of Clement Pennard and  
Andrus Pico

vs  
J. S. Almany

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On reading and filing  
the foregoing <sup>and annexed</sup> petition of Clement  
Pennard and Andrus Pico for  
an Injunction, I hereby  
appoint Monday the 22<sup>d</sup> day  
of June 1857 at 11 1/2 o'clock  
or as soon ~~thereafter~~ <sup>as practicable</sup> in the forenoon of that day, at the  
Court Room of the District Court  
of the United States for the  
Northern District of California  
in the City of San Francisco as  
the time and place of hearing the  
said petition, and I direct that  
a copy of said petition and of  
this order be served upon the  
claimants in the said petition  
named at least thirty days  
before the time herein before  
appointed for the hearing of said  
petition,

May 19, 1857

Edwin Hoffman  
Dist. Judge

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In the Matter of  
The Petition

— of —

Clement Parnaud  
& Andrus Pico

— vs —

John S. Alimony  
concerning the  
"San Cayetano"

Filed June 22, 1857.  
W. H. Cheverus  
Deputy.

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J. W. Holladay  
Att'y for Petitioners  
105 Merchant St



Before his Honor the Judge of the District Court of the  
United States for the Northern District of California.

In the Matter of the Petition  
of Clement Panau and  
Andres Pico

vs.  
Joseph S. Alemany,  
Archbishop &c.

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The Demurrer of Joseph S. Alemany, Arch-  
bishop &c. to the Petition of Clement Pan-  
au and Andres Pico.

The said Joseph S. Alemany,  
Archbishop &c. by protestation not con-  
fessing or acknowledging all or any of  
the matters and things in the said Petition  
contained to be true in such manner  
and form as the same are therein set  
forth and alleged, doth demur <sup>in Law</sup> to the  
said Petition, and for cause of demurrer,  
shows:

1. That the said Petitioners have not  
in and by their said Petition, made or  
stated such a case as doth or ought  
to entitle them or either of them to any  
such relief as is thereby sought and prayed  
for from or against the said Joseph S. Al-  
lemany, Archbishop &c. Respondent, or  
to any relief whatsoever.

2. That the Hon. the said District

Inop has no jurisdiction of the subject  
Matter of the said Petition:

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Wherefore, and for divers other  
errors and imperfections appearing in said  
Petition, this Respondent prays  
judgment whether he shall be com-  
pelled to make any answer to said  
Petition or any of the matters and things  
therein contained, and prays hence to  
be dismissed with his reasonable costs  
in this behalf sustained.

Eugen Cassedy  
Atty for J. S. Alenany.  
Respt.

Before his Honor, the Judge  
of the U. S. Dist. Ct. &c.

---

In the Matter of the  
Petition of  
Clement Tanau &  
Andres Tico —

vs.

Joseph S. Alemany,  
Archbp. &c.

---

Demurrer to Petition

Due service of copy  
admitted —

July 16. '57 Holladay

Filed July 16. 1857.

W. H. Cheever,

414 ND Deputy.

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Esq. Casserly  
Atty. for J. S. Alemany  
Resp't.

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U. S. Dist. Court

Clement Pavaud vs D. C. 411

D. C. 751

The United States vs Oct. 2nd. 1861

Garden of San Cayetano

The claim in this case is for  
the orchard of San Cayetano  
and some adjoining land  
probably within the Mission of  
San Jose

~~The cause was submitted on  
the of 1859 with an  
brief to be filed -~~

~~No brief on the part of the U.S.  
has been received -~~

The evidence offered in support  
of the claim is as follows

1. A petition signed by Juan  
B. Alvarado and addressed  
to Pio Pico dated March  
1845 -

In this petition Alvarado states  
that he is desirous of establish-  
ing a house within the limits  
of the Mission of San Jose  
where there are already some

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individuals residing by permission  
of the Governor's predecessors who  
have also received grants  
of lots according to their peti-  
tions -

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He therefore asks for "100 varas  
of land in the vicinity of  
the main hill drug and in-  
cluding an orchard of trees  
and a vineyard which is  
contiguous to said lot but  
separate from the principal  
part of the mission as this  
property is almost completely  
abandoned offering new help  
to indemnify or satisfy the  
natives or the Government for the  
value of said plants, as has been  
done when ~~the~~ by other persons  
when the Government has granted  
them vacant houses at the  
Mission of Santa Clara and  
other places on account of their  
being in the condition which  
I have stated - for which  
purpose and in order to avoid

3

3

delays &c I suggest to you  
" Excellency if you should think  
" fit to take the information  
" which you may think necessary  
" from persons who are actually  
" in this city (Los Angeles) who  
" are persons living in that neigh-  
" borhood in relation to  
" what I solicit &c

2 The marginal decree of  
Gov. Pico on this petition  
dated March 13, 1845-

In this ~~pd~~ decree the Gov  
now states, that "being convinced  
" that it is for the prosperity of  
" the Department that the lands  
" of the Missions should pass  
" into ~~priva~~ the hands of industri-  
" ous individuals who may im-  
" prove them and also taking  
" into consideration the decaying  
" condition of the Indians I  
" decree and order that the res-  
" pective Judge put the Señor  
" Colonel of the one hundred  
" varas of land orchard and vine

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4 4

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" which he solicits - that the act  
of possession being concluded  
the same Judge shall send  
to this Government a minute re-  
port stating the actual con-  
dition of the orchard and vine  
yard which have been granted  
as also the present petition  
and decree in order that  
in view thereof the Government  
may know what sum of  
money Sr<sup>r</sup> Alvarado will  
have to pay on to the Com-  
munity of the Mission of San  
Jose for the same and that  
the title be issued."

3 The report of the Alcalde of  
San Jose Antonio M<sup>o</sup> Rico in  
compliance with the foregoing  
decree dated August 27. 1845  
In this report the Alcalde  
states that in obedience to the  
decree ~~as~~ he had given <sup>the</sup> posses-  
sion therein mentioned to the  
Sr<sup>r</sup> Colonel of Militia Juan R. Al

5 5

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represented by his agent of which act of possession he had given him a "testimonio" or certified copy to the interested party. The Alcalde then proceeds to give a minute account of the condition of the orchard vineyard &c stating the number of useful trees vines &c

4 A petition by Alvarado to the Governor dated March 1. 1846

In this petition Alvarado states that "having through the determination of the Government obtained the favor of putting at his disposition the orchard called San Cayetano which of the appurtenances property (de las pertenencias) of the Mission I am now in possession of the same and in order to be considered owner in full property thereof it is necessary that the Government should issue to me the corresponding



6

6

4 till for which I pray your  
4 Excellency that you be pleased  
4 to decree accordingly for which  
4 purpose I amex herts the  
4 documents which are the evi  
4 dence of the concession and  
4 possession of the same -  
4 representing to you likewise  
4 that in order that your Excell  
4 ency may act with justice  
4 that on account of the ruinous  
4 condition of the property it  
4 will not produce to you peti  
4 tion for some years well  
4 enough to remunerate him  
4 for the expence of repairs for  
4 which reason I offer in pay  
4 ment thereof either to the  
4 Indians or to the Government  
4 the number of 200 head of  
4 beaver cattle  
4 wherefore I pray &c.

The signatures to the foregoing  
document are testified <sup>to</sup> as genuine

They are all found among the Archives - and so far as I am informed there is no reason to suspect their authenticity

The claimant has also produced from his own custody the cedula or testimonio of the act of possession given to him by the Alcalde -

The genuineness of this document is sworn to by the Alcalde and the agent <sup>of alvarado</sup> to whom the possession was given also as stated by the Alcalde in his report is also produced and confirms the report in that particular

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~~the report in that particular.~~

The claimant also produces  
the final title <sup>dated May 25. 1846</sup> ~~issued~~ <sup>to have been issued</sup>  
alleged ~~in pursuance~~ as pray-  
ed for in Alvarado's petition  
of March 1846 - except that  
in pursuance of an arrange-  
ment between him & Andres  
Pico the title is <sup>in favor of</sup> ~~issued~~ ~~to~~  
both jointly —

It is also testified by Alvarado  
that the title was issued to  
him & Andres Pico and that  
the latter paid to the Government  
200 head of cattle or their  
truts —

It will be observed that <sup>the</sup>  
only evidence that the grant <sup>was</sup>  
issued consists of the production  
of the instrument itself.

The book in which it is said  
to be noted is not found  
in the archives

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Neither Pico who is alleged to have made the grant nor Moreno who signed it as Secretary have been examined as witnesses

The only evidence in support of it is the usual <sup>proof</sup> ~~depositions~~ that the signatures are genuine. How it came to be issued to Andres Pico & Alvarado jointly and not to Alvarado alone is not explained except that Alvarado states he had <sup>an</sup> ~~some~~ arrangement with the brother of the Governor. But it is not a little singular that both of these alleged grantees should ~~be~~ in another case and under another grant have pretended to be owners not merely of <sup>of</sup> the orchard but of the whole Mission of San Jose and its appurtenances.

The grant produced in that

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case was dated May 5. 1846  
20 days previously to the grant  
now relied on. It purported  
to sell ~~the~~ <sup>to</sup> Alvarado &  
Andrés Pico, <sup>the grantees in this case</sup> the whole Mission  
of San José and its appurtenances.

If the genuineness of that grant  
were established it would be  
almost conclusive proof that  
the same parties could not  
have applied for and obtained  
twenty days after its execution,  
another grant of part of the  
buy land already granted to  
them, and have paid an  
additional consideration over  
2 or 300 <sup>cattle</sup> ~~horses~~ for the ~~the~~  
additional title paper.  
But that grant, <sup>however</sup> was rejected  
by the Court as spurious.  
But the fact remains that  
the same parties have in  
another case set up a <sup>different</sup> title  
to this property claimed in  
this; and as it is clear that

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13 // one of the grants <sup>is to all</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>the suspicious</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>most</sup>  
is naturally suggested ~~that~~ <sup>probable</sup> that the other is of  
the same character —

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P

~~There are also some instances~~  
The documents themselves are  
also in some degree suspicious  
If on the petition of Aboua  
do the Governor determined to  
accede to it, it is singular  
and a departure from an al-  
most uniform practice, that  
the Governor did not on the  
margin of the petition make  
some order or decree indicating  
the disposition he intended to  
make in the premises.

But the petition contains no  
such marginal order  
In the case of San Juan vs the U.S.  
it was held by this Court that  
under the decree of 1840 and  
the positive instructions contain-  
ed in the <sup>official</sup> letter signed "Mon-  
tedio-ca" the Governor had  
no authority to grant the culti-  
vated and improved property  
belonging to the Mission Esteban

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12

ments - The

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By the Decrees of the Depart  
mental Assembly of May 28. 1845  
and March 30 1846 the Governor  
was authorized to lease certain  
of the Missions and if that  
~~was~~ <sup>were</sup> found to be impracticable  
to sell them to the highest  
bidder -

On the 15<sup>th</sup> April 1846 the letter  
of Montevideo instructing the  
Governor to suspend all further  
proceedings relative to the alien-  
ation of the Missions was  
communicated by the Governor  
himself to the Assembly -

It is <sup>therefore</sup> not only highly improbable  
that the Governor should  
have within a few weeks there-  
after, proceeded to do the very  
thing he was prohibited from  
doing, but it is already decided  
by this Court it is clear that  
he had no power to do it -

When we consider the nature  
of this claim, the absence of  
any evidence that from the ar-  
chives that the grant issued

15 13

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fact that the  
the ~~absence~~ of the usual margin  
at note <sup>is not found</sup> on Alvarado's petition  
The introduction of the brother  
of the Governor as a grantee -  
the facility with which the  
title could be manufactured  
and anti-dated - ~~and~~ the  
fact that another title issued  
by the same Governor in favor  
of the same parties, and for  
~~the same~~ <sup>land</sup> including the  
same <sup>land</sup> has already been found  
spurious, it is not ~~easy to resist~~  
~~the conclusion~~ and that the  
pretended action of the Governor  
was in direct violation of a  
positive <sup>order</sup> & decree received by  
him, it is difficult to avoid  
the conclusion that both grants  
have a common origin & a  
similar character -



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It is contended that the  
origin marginal order of the  
Governor upon Alvarado's petition  
the possession given to him in  
pursuance thereof, and his sub-  
sequent occupation of the land  
constitute an equitable title which  
the U. S. must respect —

At the time of the acquisition  
of California by the U. S., the work  
of reclaiming the Missions which  
had been begun under the decree  
of 1833 was by no means completed.  
The attempt of Figueroa and his  
successors to secure to the Indians  
some part of the land cultivated and  
which their labors had improved  
had signally failed. Each suc-  
cessive regulation having for its  
object to secure the faithful  
administration of the Mission  
properties by the Administrators  
and Stewards in whose hands  
they had been placed seems  
to have been without avail —  
and the Governors continued to  
grant the lands belonging to  
those establishments with but  
slight regard for the rights of

X

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<sup>inhabitants</sup>

indigenous by whose labor they had been built and among whom it was originally intended to distribute such lands as they might require when the ~~the~~ <sup>should be</sup> ~~the~~ Missions were converted into Pueblos —

But these extensive spoliations to which these once flourishing establishments were subjected did not much deprive the Indians of the means and the means of support created by ~~the~~ <sup>their</sup> labor and promised to ~~have~~ <sup>them</sup> when first reclaimed from Savage life. ~~but~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>seizure by the Administrators</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>of</sup> the orchards vineyards &c and some of the Mission buildings left the Padres and the secular clergy by whom they were to be replaced, destitute of the means of support —

The Bishop of <sup>the</sup> California therefore addressed a Memorial to the Government in which the disastrous effect upon the Church of the policy which had been pursued was set forth — and the Government recognizing

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the justice of these representations  
 was ~~referred~~ ~~to~~ ~~the~~ ~~7<sup>th</sup>~~ ~~of~~ ~~November~~ ~~1840~~ "in con-  
 formity with every thing the  
 Monarch Bishop of the Cal  
 ifornias had petitioned in  
 his communication and  
 in conformity with the  
 decree of the 7<sup>th</sup> November  
 1835 which ordered the  
 missions to be restored to  
 their former condition"  
 and it further announced its inten-  
 tion to issue "a plural or  
 du to the Governor of the  
 Californias for the restora-  
 tion <sup>of the missions and of their</sup> without delay or im-  
 pediment of the possessions  
 and property used by them  
 under their administration for  
 the confusion of the heathen"  
 Among the earliest acts of  
 Michel Tomera was the issuing  
 of a Proclamation or decree  
 that various missions among  
 which was that of San Jose  
 should be delivered up or  
 restored to the Most Rev

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17  
 Fathers who were to continue  
 to govern them and take  
 charge of the natives as  
 before —

It is unnecessary to recapitulate  
 the various decrees passed  
 by the ~~Assembly~~ Departmental  
 Assembly, who authorizing the  
 sale, & the putting of ~~some~~  
 the missions —

I have been unable to discover  
 from what source they derived  
 any authority to empower the  
 Governor to deal with this  
 portion of the public property.  
 It is to be observed however  
 that both the putting and  
 sales were required to be  
 made at public Auctions —  
 and that in the distribution  
 of the proceeds, the claims of  
 the Church and the rights  
 of the Indians were in  
 some at least, respected —

For the ~~the~~ conservation of some  
 worship and the maintenance  
 of the Indians 2/3 ds of the  
 proceeds of the cuts were

21 18

by the decree of May 28<sup>th</sup> 1845  
to be devoted -

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By that decree of 28<sup>th</sup> Oct 1845  
the surplus of the proceeds of  
the sales therein authorized  
after paying the debts of the  
missions were "to be placed  
at the disposal of the super-  
tendents for the main-  
tenance of religious worship"  
and a ~~su~~ disposition of the  
debt was made similar to  
that contained in the decree  
of May 28<sup>th</sup> preceding -

By the decree of March 30. 1846  
the surplus of the purchase  
moneys was required to be  
distributed equitably amongst  
the Indians -

The action of Pio Pico therefor  
in attempting to sell at private  
sale, to his brother and others  
not merely the lands but  
the ~~orchards~~ houses and or-  
chards made by the missionaries  
and their neophytes, and  
"contiguous to and in im-  
mediate communication with  
the Churches," and which the

21 19

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Supreme Government had de-  
creed "should remain to the  
"use and benefit of the Missi-  
"onaries in accordance with  
the petition of the Bishop,  
was not only in violation  
of that decree but unauthor-  
ized by the decrees of the  
Departmental Assembly from  
which he pretended to derive  
his authority.

That the Supreme Government  
so regarded is evident from  
the order signed "Montes deoca"  
which peremptorily directs the  
Governor to suspend all  
proceedings respecting the  
alienation of the Mission  
property.

That the Departmental As-  
sembly so regarded is evident  
from their decree of October  
31 1845 the 1<sup>st</sup> Article of  
which provides that "the sales  
& of Missions made by Don Pio  
& Pio as Governor as well as  
all other acts done by him  
on the same subject beyond

20

~~22~~

his authority are hereby  
"entirely annulled"

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This decree tho' passed after  
the taking of Monterey and  
what has been deemed the date  
of the conquest of the country  
is nonetheless important as  
a practical construction of  
the validity of the Governor's acts  
by the very body from which he  
professed to derive his power

It from the foregoing it results  
that the ~~distinction~~ to the alleged  
inchoate or equitable title which  
it<sup>is</sup> claimed was conferred by  
the marginal decree of Pio  
Pico is ~~as equally strong~~ with  
can have no greater validity  
than the final title ~~which~~ on  
in this, and the other claim

it is <sup>alleged</sup> for the same mission, which  
was issued after the reception of  
the Montezuma document.

Neither the marginal decree  
nor the final title in this case  
~~could~~ <sup>could</sup> have been issued  
in virtue of the authority con-  
ferred by the Colonization laws

21 23

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Laws of 1824 or the regulations of 1828 - Alvarado had <sup>ready</sup> already received from the Government all the land which could by those laws have been granted to any individual - The <sup>fact</sup> consideration ~~thereof~~ therefore of occupation and settlement can add nothing to his equities - as might be the case if the grant had been a colonization grant for which occupation and settlement furnished the only consideration -

The transaction proposed was to all intents a sale and the only <sup>strengthening</sup> circumstance which could add to the equitable rights of the claimant would be the payment of the price -

But on this ~~the~~ point the evidence is insufficient -

No receipt of ~~any~~ sum for any sum or any number of cattle is produced - The only evidence on the subject is the statement by Alvarado that Andres Pico had paid to give to the Government 300 head of cattle or thereabouts - But the petition



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of Alvarado offus and the grant accepts 200 head of cattle ~~of~~ as the compensation to be paid for the land - The recollection of Alvarado is thus at fault as to the ~~quantity~~ number of the cattle - and when it is considered that in the former case for the mission of San Jose the same parties were alleged to have paid \$12000 for lands, within which the land now claimed is embraced it is difficult to attach much credit to the true statement of Alvarado ~~entirely inaccurate and~~ ~~false~~ ~~pretense~~ that a payment was made in this case -

That Alvarado did not himself consider the order directing the possession to be given to him, as amounting to a title is expressly stated in his subsequent petition - "In order to be considered the owner of full property <sup>of the land</sup> it is necessary that the government should issue

~~25~~ 23

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to me the corresponding title.  
That title I think it is not  
satisfactorily shown that he  
was obtained. Nor do I con-  
sider the evidence of the <sup>payment</sup>  
payment of the price <sup>clear enough</sup> sufficient,  
nor the fact of his having occu-  
pied an ancient orchard &  
cemetery of the mission, sufficient  
to create any equitable title  
which the U. S., who have  
already recognized on the  
claim of the Roman Catholic  
Bishops the right of the church  
to the lands now claimed, are  
bound to respect —

On both grounds therefore I  
think the claim should be  
rejected.

1. Because the Governor had  
no power to <sup>confer</sup> create an incho-  
ate, title, or to make a final  
grant of the land —  
and 2<sup>dly</sup>

Because, if such power techni-  
cally existed it was in this  
case exercised in violation of  
the policy of the Government Supreme

267 24

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Government, the claims of the Church and the rights of the Neophytes - as well as in entire disregard of the decisions of the Departmental Assembly - that and in the absence of satisfactory proof of the bona fide payment by the grantees of a reasonable equitable patent for the concession there can be no equitable obligation upon ~~the part~~ of the U. S. to complete the ~~title~~ <sup>grant</sup> by giving to the claimants the "title in full property."

No 414  
        

U. S. District Court.

The United States,  
vs.  
Clement Perroud, et al,

          
Opinion of the Court.  
        

Filed October 2nd, 1860.  
W. D. Chesnut,  
Clerk,

Samuel W. Holladay,  
Counsel for Claimants.

District Court of the  
United States for the  
Northern District  
of California

Of Samuel Parsons } 50  
& Andrew Pico } 414  
The United States }

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Now come the above  
named claimants by  
S. H. Holladay their  
Counsel & move the  
Court to open the  
degre & grant a  
rehearing herein  
& shut the cause  
stump continued  
till the next term  
of this Court for  
that purpose  
Nov 27, 1860

S. H. Holladay

Att. for claimants,  
Nov 27, 1860.

Objection to the non production &  
filing of affidavits at this term  
in support of the above motion  
waived - they to be filed next term  
Cathron Benton U. S. Atty

No. 414.

N. S. Dist. Court.

The United States.

— ad —

C. P. Maund, et al.

Motion for rehearing.

Filed Nov. 27, 1860.

W. D. Cheves,  
Clerk

Filed Nov 27/60.

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At a Stated Term of the DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, for the Northern District of California, held at the Court Room, in the City of SAN FRANCISCO, on ~~the~~ Tuesday the 27<sup>th</sup> day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty ~~sixty~~

Present:

The Honorable OGDEN HOFFMAN, District Judge.

The United States

v.  
C. Pauand, et al

N<sup>o</sup>. 414

And now at this day, on motion of S. N. Holladay, Esq. atty for claimants, the U. S. atty being present and consenting thereto, It is Ordered, that the claimants herein have leave to docket their motion for a rehearing of this cause, in which a decision was rendered during the present term in favor of the United States, and that in the mean time all proceedings herein be stayed, pending a proper showing on the part of said claimants in support of their said motion, which showing is hereby allowed to be made during the December, 1860, Term of this Court.

Ogden Hoffman  
District Judge

No. 414.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT,  
Northern District of California.

*L. Pinaud, et al,*

vs.

*The United States,*

*Order to docket  
Motion for re-hearing,*

Filed *November 27,* 185*0,*

*N. A. Chivers,*

CLERK.

By

*7*

DEPUTY.

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*[Faint, illegible handwritten notes in the right margin]*

*[Faint, illegible handwritten notes in the left margin]*



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At a Stated Term of the DISTRICT COURT OF THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, for the Northern District of  
California, held at the Court Room, in the City of SAN FRANCISCO,  
on *Thursday* the *twentieth* day of  
*April* in the year of our Lord one thousand  
eight hundred and ~~forty~~ *sixty two*

Present:

The Honorable OGDEN HOFFMAN, District Judge.

The United States }  
v } No. 414.  
Clement Tanand et al }

It appearing to the Court that the claim of the above named claimants was rejected October 2, 1860, and that on November 27, 1860, an order was entered staying further proceedings pending a motion in behalf of claimants for a rehearing, a proper showing in support whereof was allowed to be made during the December Term, 1860; and it further appearing that said Term has expired without such showing, Now therefore, on application of N. H. Sharp Esq, U. S. Attorney, It is ordered, that the said motion be and the same hereby is denied, and that a decree rejecting said claim be entered.

Ogden Hoffman  
District Judge

414

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT,  
Northern District of California.

*The United States*

vs.

*C. Parand et al*

*Order denying motion  
for rehearing.*

Filed *April 10th* 1892,

*W. A. Cheever*

CLERK.

By

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~~DEPUTY~~

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At a Stated Term of the DISTRICT COURT OF THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, for the Northern District of  
California, held at the Court Room, in the City of SAN FRANCISCO,  
on *Thursday* the *twentieth* day of  
*April* in the year of our Lord one thousand  
eight hundred and ~~forty~~ *sixty two*

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Present:

The Honorable OGDEN HOFFMAN, District Judge.

The United States

v.

Clement Panaud et al

No. 414. L. C. 751

This cause came on to be heard on appeal from the final decision of the Board of Commissioners to ascertain and settle the private land claims in the State of California, under the Act of Congress approved on the 3<sup>d</sup> of March, 1851, upon the transcript of the proceedings and decision of the said Board of Commissioners, and the papers and evidence on which said decision was founded, and upon the further evidence taken by order of the Court; and it appearing to the Court that the said transcript has been filed according to law, and counsel for the respective parties having been heard, It is Ordered, adjudged and decreed that the said decision be and the same hereby is in all things affirmed; And it is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that the claim of the said claimants is invalid, that the said claim be and hereby is rejected, and that their petition for a confirmation be dismissed.

Ogden Hoffman  
U. S. Dist Judge

414

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT,  
Northern District of California.

*The United States*

vs.

*Clement Canard et al*

*Decree rejecting claim.*

Filed *April 10th* 1862,

*H. A. Cheever*  
CLERK.

By

DEPUTY.

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT OF THE  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
San Francisco, Cal.  
In the matter of the estate of  
Clement Canard, deceased.  
No. 414  
Decree rejecting claim.

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At a Stated Term of the DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, for the Northern District of California, held at the Court Room in the CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO, on Monday the Seventh day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-Three.

Present:

The Honorable OGDEN HOFFMAN, District Judge.

The United States.

v.

Clement Ricard, et al.

No. 414.

In this case on application of S. H. Holladay, Esq. Counsel for Claimants, made in open Court, it is ordered by the Court that an appeal in behalf of the Claimants, from the final decision of this Court rendered in said cause at the December term, 1862 be, and the same is hereby granted, and that a certified transcript of the pleadings, evidence, depositions, and proceedings in the said cause be sent to the Supreme Court of the United States without delay.

No 414.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Northern District of California.

*The United States,*

v.

*Clement Parand, et al.,*

*Order granting appeal  
in behalf of Claimant.*

Filed *September 7,* 1863.

*W. D. Cheney,*  
Clerk.

U. S. District Court.

The United States

v.  
Clement Canand, et al.

2 No. 414.

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This case was rejected by the Board of Land Commissioners, from whose decree the claimants have appealed to this Court.

With the <sup>copy</sup> expediente produced from the archives, is produced from the custody of the claimants a grant dated May 25. 1846, purporting to be signed by Pio Pico as Governor, and attested by José Matías Moreno, as Secretary. Moreno also certifies at the foot of the grant that record "is taken in the proper book."

Upon this grant the claim <sup>mainly</sup> must rest, for without it the only document of title is the <sup>decree</sup> ~~conception~~ of Pio Pico, dated Mch 12. 1845, and which is found in the expediente. This will be considered hereafter.

The grant has not been duly proved. It was produced by the claimants and stands unsupported by any evidence of its genuineness. It is annexed to the deposition of Antonio Maria Pico, who swears that the signatures to it are genuine, and states his means of knowledge to be that he has often seen Pico and Moreno write. But he does not prove when.

That the signatures to the grant are genuine is admitted; but that the grant was signed and attested at the date it purports to be, is not; and we have a right to demand the obvious proof required, viz. the production of the book from the archives in which it was noted, or the loss of that record accounted for; and also the testimony of Moreno who attested it as Secretary, and Pico who signed it as governor - both of whom have been in San Francisco within the last two years, and who were examined in other cases. No effort however was made by the claimants to procure their testimony.



Had they or either of them been produced by the claimants the real reason why Andres Pico was included in the grant might have been elicited. As his name does not appear in any of the papers forming the expediente, and as <sup>Alvarado's</sup> ~~his~~ second petition was made only 55 days before the grant purports to have been issued, and which second petition was made at Monterey while the grant purports to have been made at Los Angeles, the reason assigned by Alvarado in his deposition seems entirely insufficient; while the appearance of Andres Pico's name in the grant, if it was ante-dated, is easily accounted for. He was the brother of the governor, and a half interest was a reasonable compensation for obtaining the signature, considering the amount of <sup>his</sup> business in that way, which has been Moreno's price was smaller for such transactions, and his price was not contingent, consequently we have no record of it.

The grant ~~therefore~~ must be considered as a document which, being produced from the custody of the claimants, carries no presumptions in its favor, and must be supported by the necessary proof, and this proof not having been adduced by the claimant, ~~the~~ it must <sup>therefore</sup> be disregarded in the consideration of the case.

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Assuming then that the grant vests no title, what remains <sup>upon which</sup> to base a confirmation of the claim ~~is~~ presented?

Nothing, but what is contained in the expediente - which will now be considered:

The last paper in that record is the 2<sup>d</sup> petition of Alvarado, dated at Monterey March 1, 1846, in which he says "the orchard of San Cayetano is of the property of the Mission of San Jose" - and yet the same Juan B. Alvarado in another case, and in conjunction with the same Andres Pico, presented a grant to the Land Commission for confirmation, made

by the same Pio Pico, and attested by the same José María Moreno, for the whole of the establishment or mission of San José, and dated the 5<sup>th</sup> May, 1841; and in this case produces a grant for part of the same property on the 25<sup>th</sup> May, 1846, or twenty days later!

This second petition does not prove any title in itself, nor does it throw any light upon the grant which is claimed to have been afterwards issued upon it; but it does show Alvarado's own estimation of the papers in the expediente which precedes it. Alvarado had been governor - knew the working and effect of the colonization law of 1824 and the regulations of 1828, and is consequently a good witness as to the sufficiency of the papers in the expediente of a prior date. He says - "I am now in possession of the same, but as in order to be considered as the owner in full property of the same it is necessary that the government should issue

to me the corresponding title" &c.

Now, if, under the former government Alvarado considered the paper title necessary to vest, how readily would this occur to him on the change of government; and does not this suggest another motive to procure an ante-dated grant, and to procure which it was necessary to have half of it in the name of Andres Pico.

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The next preceding document is the report of Antonio Maria Pico as to the condition of the orchard, & which is of the same date as the testimonio of possession. - Aug 27, 1845

Next is the decree upon the first petition of Alvarado. This decree on its face is simply an order to the proper Judge to put Alvarado in possession of the property pending further proceedings.

The possession was given and a report made on August 27, 1845. The decree was made March 12 1845, and the first petition March 11, 1845.

This decree cannot supply the place of a grant by laying the foundation of an equity to be protected under the treaty, for the petition was not made for a grant under the colonization law, but under the policy which Pio Pico had commenced to pursue with respect to the Mission property. No equity can be set up from this decree and the subsequent possession under it, for ~~each~~ of the Alvarado had already been granted his maximum under the colonization law; and until the sale was consummated no title could pass. A grant would afford the only evidence of that consummation, and the grant produced fails for want of proof.

But, giving the ~~same~~ decree all the force of a conveyance in colonization, considered as a sale, yet it confers no title for the reason that Pio Pico had no power to thus alienate the Mission property. — see pointed brief

and Exhibits in the Mifflin cases, and the opinion of this Court in *The U. S. v. Andres Bico, et al.* - The Montevideo document, dated Nov 14, 1845, and received by the Departmental assembly on the 15<sup>th</sup> April 1846 (before the date of the grant in this case) effectually destroyed any <sup>right</sup> supposed to have been conveyed by the decree - and this is another evidence that the grant was not made at the time it purports to have been.

If the decree of March 12, 1845 conveyed no right, to the claimants which the U. S. are bound to respect under the treaty, then the pope's <sup>given</sup> opinion (which it is not disputed ~~was given~~) under and by the force of that decree could not convey any such right.

It seems clear, that the record from the archives, and the fully proved testimonies of possession, do not, without the aid of the ~~grant~~ grant, constitute an ~~valid~~ title

equity; for that would not be even with the grant admitted, because Pio Pico had no power to make it, founded on a sale of Mission property. But the grant itself is not duly proved, and can afford not even the questionable support which it might have given were the Court satisfied it was executed when it purports to be, and in the due course of official business, though under a mistaken power.

It is submitted that the claim must be rejected.

San Francisco, Sept 1860.

Mo. B. Williams

The attention of the Court is also called to the fact that the orchard claimed in this case has been confirmed to Jos. S. Alemany, Bishop &c. - See Decree in Mission Exhibits, pp 132-3.

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U. S. District Court,

The United States

v.

C. Parant, et al

—  
Brief for U. S.  
—

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Geo. B. Williams  
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